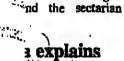


AMMAN, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 6, 1981 - DUL QAIDA 8, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 rivals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

announces rrests

Sept. 5 (A.P.) ; Anwar Sadar, to parliament his it's mass arrest of a 1,100 political today accused both d Christians of consectarian strife in is charging-up (the hristians) ... this igious strife," said s he began a ramblbefore the People's nd the Consultative t the parliament e-said some persons ited simple difetween people to clashes in which he rsons had died in Hamra slum last ly. The government is said the speech. contiouing late ald announce a set tionary decisions political life and ils of an alleged



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ership.

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7-1 Crant officer taken " "ring South Africa's the into Angola was the body of his structured when South ces attacked their irnalists were told ther Soviet woman Soviet lieutenantere among those attack, Brig. Ben al projects officer news conference in South Africa the capture of the Teron Tuesday. He. "named as Nikolai h Pestresov, 36. :aid Sgt. Major Peswife and a number ussians were in the · * vehicle to escape ... with Angolan town - cfore it was taken - frican forces. The - attacked by the ricans and the jor, who escaped later found by the wife and was taken said.



Syrian peacekeeping forces mount massive security operation in the Barbir area of Beirut after

the Friday ambush which killed French Ambassador Louis Delamare (A.P. wirephoto)

Beirut has few definite clues who killed Louis Delamare meini" while at the other end of BEIRUT, Sept. 5 (Agencies) — Security husbaod was killed in Beirut. the political spectrum, the left-

sources said today they had few definite clues to help them in the hunt for the killers of French Ambassador Louis Delamare. The government has ordered a full-scale investigation following the shooting in Beirut yesterday.

The leftist Beirut newspaper As Safir said today a previously inknown group called the Lebanese Red Brigades had claimed responsibility for the assassination.

"Since taking up his post in Lebanon (io August 1979), Mr. wing Liberation headlined: "The Louis Delamare has constantly ambassador killed in Lebanon: the hand of the Ayatollah?" performed his missioo of ambassador of France as a great diplomat and man of courage." issued a statement today saying it

Mr. Cheysson said the ambassador, "a man of dialogue, who knew how to develop trusting relations with all parties, fell victim, after so many others, to intolerance and a contemptible and An anonymous relephooe caller blind violence." had warned all countries which

Paris blames Iranians

sadors, diplomats and businessmen round the world Newspapers generally blamed would be in danger unless they Iranian extremists loyal to Ayatollah Khomeini and angered by France's decision to grant political asylum to former Iranian presidenr Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr and Mujahedeeo guerrilla leader Mas-

was an odious crime. The killers "reacted with violence against the French govsoud Rajavi in July. emmeot's courageous positions in The conservative daily L'Aurore headlined: "Assas- favour of peace and undersination of the French ambassador standing between peoples." he in Beirut -- the shadow of Kho- added,

Hassan cables sympathy to Paris

AMMAN, Sept. 5 (Petral --- His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, today sent a message to French President Francois Mitterrand conveying his condolences and those of the government and people of Jordan over the assassination of the French ambassador to Lebanon, Mr. Louis Delamare.

The Iranian embassy in Beirut

"deeply deplores the assassination

of the French ambassador, as well

as all political assassinations in the

world, and condemns such acts."

Arab League condemns attack

In Tunis, Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi today

denounced the killing as an

attempt to "further compromise

the chances of a settlement of the

Mr. Klibi said in a message to

Mr. Cheysson that the shooting

Middle East problem."

His Royal Highness said in his message: "This wantoo act and what it entails come at a time when France and the Arab World have moved closer in their views towards the establishmeot of a just peace and the restoration of stability to the Middle East."

Israeli Labourite urges talks with PLO leader

TEL AVIV, Sept. 5 (R) - Former Israeli chief of staff, Geo. Mordechai Gur, said today he would be one of the first to talk to Palestine Liberation Organisatioo (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat should the PLO recognise Israel's right to live to peace. Gen. Gur, a leading Labour opposition member of the Knesset (parliament), said oo Israeli Radio that as sooo as the PLO amended its Palestinian charter, "I would be one of the first to sir down to talk about coexistence between Israeli Jews and Palestinian Arabs in this part of the world, because we are destined to live together."

more than 70 leading politicians sinatioos on the Mujahedeen-LONDON, Sept. 5 (R) - Iran lost its revolutionary prosecutor including Chief Justice Ayatollah and its chief of police today in the Mohammad Beheshti, Hojatoleslam Ghodussi's office wave of bombings shatteriog the country's clergy-dominated lead-

stands next to the headquarters of Iran's joint staff of the armed Revolutionary Prosecutor General Hojatoleslam Ali Ghodussi was killed by a huge forces. The modern, multi-storey

building served as the Shah's military court which dealt with crimes against the monarchy and imposed death sentences and torture on offenders.

It is a heavily-guarded centre where every entrant is subjected to a series of searches, The government has blamed the

Minister Mohammad Javad Bahonar in the capital on Sunday, Moscow says 100,000 troops

that Prosecutor Ghodussi died of brain damage seven hnurs after being admitted following today's explosion. Nearby residents told Reuters

Mohammad Ali Raja'i and Prime recent surge of violence and assas-

the Khomeini regime. The Shohada Hospital spokesman, contacted from London, said .

they had seen at least three wounded people being taken from the building.

The police chief. Col. Dastgerdi, died six days after the bomb blast which killed the president and prime minister. He was the sixth fatality in that explosion.

e-Khalq organisation, a radical dination between the branches of Iran's security services, Prime Minister Mohammad Reza force dedicated to bringing down Mahdavi-Kani pledged to make Iran sale and to introduce changes

in the police. llis problems were highlighted today by a gunfight in front of Iran's parliament, the Majlis, in which one person was reported killed and several arrested.

Saying there was a lack of coor-

Tehran Radio quoted a Mailis spokesman as saying intruders returned fire from security guards after being ordered out of a taxi. No members of parliament were, in the building during its current two-week recess;

altered their policy, As Safir said. **Explosion kills Tehran prosecutor general** Police said they were investigating the claim, but there was no indication of the group's political colouring and As Safir was the, only paper to publish the claim. The conservative daily Al as police chief succumbs to Sunday blast

'I'he ambassador's body will be

flown to France in time for a funeral on Monday, security sources said The ambassador was shot six

times, twice in the head, by four gunmen who intercepted his car near the embassy residence in West Beirut yesterday afternoon. Police believe the killing may

have been the result of a failed attempt to kidnap the ambassador 'as the gunmen first tried to prise open the locked door of his car. Investigators are interviewing

the ambassador's chauffeur and several passers-by who saw the attack in a dusty street near the ambassador's turn-of-the-ceotury residence.

President Elias Sarkis, Prime

Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan and

Justice Minister Khatchik

Babikian met today to discuss the

investigatioo, which is being led by

Chief Public Prosecutor Camile

after the meeting that the Leban-

ese government would do its

utmost to find out who was

responsible for the ambassador's

But security sources admitted

they had little to go on and

informed Arab sources said track-

ing down the gunmen in a city

dominated by a host of private

In France, external relations

ministry sources said the killing

would oot affect French policy in

Mr. Cheysson's efforts to bal-

ance France's approach to the

Middle East have angered a var-

iety of warring groups in the area

who all feel another side is being

Mitterrand consoles widow

Presideot Francois Mitterrand,

said in a letter to Mr. Delamare's

widow: "I learn with sadness of

the cowardly attack in which your

The ceotre also houses the

armies would prove difficult.

the Middle East.

favoured.

Mr. Babikian told reporters

Geagea.

death

Anwar speculated that the killing. might have been the work of militants who support the Iranian revolution of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini. Mr. Delamare's widow flew to Beirut today amid tight security.

support Israel that their ambas-

pposition sentences

Sept. 5 (R) position Socialist day that 190 party -1d leaders of its union have beeo > prison terms for m a general strike une 20. The strike t against food price at the end of May. off riots in Casabsix party and union iocluding the neral of the Con-Democratic du DT), Noubir Al still awaiting trial.

sfused at ler museum JERUSALEM, - Police defused a

scovered near the r Museum io usalem this mornspokesman said.

саге Algiers

DE MAJORCA, 5 (A.P.) - An Air carrying 165 pas-n Paris to Algiers ergency landing on sh Mediterranean ijorca today after a threat that a bomb the plane, the news ropa Press said. d no bomb after a he passengers were to another Air ne to continue the a Algerian capital. since former president Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr was dismissed by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini nearly three months ago.

Tehran Radio said.

incendiary bomb that exploded in

his Tehran office, a hospital

spokesman told Reuters in Lon-

Police chief Houshang

Dastgerdi also died in hospital

from wounds suffered in the bomb

blast that killed Iranian President

Iran's revolutionary gov-

ernment has been the target of

almost unceasing guerrilla attacks

MOSCOW, Sept. 5 (R) - The Mr. Bani-Sadr, who took refuge Soviet Union announced tonight In Paris in July 29, recently that nearly 100,000 military perdemanded the dissolution of the soonel were taking part in manrevolutionary courts headed by oeuvres that begao on Poland's the murdered prosecutor-general. borders yesterday. The courts, which have imposed

A TASS report said the exerabout 700 death sectences since Mr. Bani-Sadr's overthrow, were cises, involving almost 100,000 set up after the 1979 revolution staff, divisional and unit perwhich toppled the late Shah. sonnel, were simulating war combat coodnions to the maximum Today's blast in the pro-

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5 (A.P.) -

Iraq's ambassador to India has

said he hopes the upheaval in Iran

will lead to the rise of new leaders

there who will be ready to seek an

good because it will get out these

people (presently in power) and bring in more sensible people,"

Ambassador Fadhil Al Azzawi told the Associated Press yes-

He said Iran's current regime

does not want to negotiate an end

"The current turmoil in Iran is

end to the Iran-Iraq war.

to the fighting with Iraq.

terday.

secutor's office was the third possible degree. devastating blow to the Islamic governmeor since June 28, when a

The Soviet Union rarely powerful bomb took the lives of announces the precise oumber of

"We will build (up the border

area of Iran already taken by Iraq

troops) and advance (further into

Iran) if they do not settle this in

the next round" of negotiations.

Mr. Fadhil said. "We will oot pull

Iran's supreme religious leader,

Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini is

entirely to blame for the current

unrest in that country, Mr. Fadhil

charged. Ayatollah Khomeini, he

added, spent 14 years in exde in

Iraq and several more in France.

and then turned against both

back one inch."

countries.

Dallah ha manoeuvre near Polish borders

> troops in military exercises. TASS said the exercise, being Dmitry Listinov, was code-named West-81.

The figure announced by TASS, which appeared to include oaval as well as army personnel, far exceeds previous Western estimates, put at about 25,000. Western military attaches in

Moscow were formally notified of the nine-day manoeuvres last week.

The Soviet Union has criticised western suggestions that the exerdirected by Defence Minister . cise is aimed at putting pressure on Poland

Western defence experts in Moscow expressed surprise at the size of the operation.

The 100,000 personnel would be deployed over only two military districts, which meant a very large troop concentration, one expert said.

Moscow announced this week that reservists had been called up aod civilian transport commandeered, but the official press suggested that this did not indicate the operation would be unusually New Iranian regime will emerge,

TASS said commanders, staff officers and political officers had joined troops in the exercise area, but it did not say whether Marshal Ustinov had arrived.

According to a Swedish defence spokesman in Stockholm, about 60 Soviet ships, including an aircraft carrier and eight large troop-landing ships have gathered off the Lithuanian coast. (Solidarity celebrates anniversary see page 8)

> **GRINDLAYS BANK CORPORATE & MULTINATION BANKING UNITS MOVE TO** SHMEISANI

AMMAN, Sept. 5 -- Grind- mercial area. lays Bank today announced the transfer of their Corporate, and Multinational Banking bank's new Shmeisani branch, Units from their King Hussein general. management office and a central processing unit Street premises to Grindlays Centre in the Shmeisani comfor the Amman area.

AIRLINES & TRAVEL SUPPLEMENT

The JORDAN TIMES will be publishing a special supplement on the AIRLINES & TRAVEL AGENCIES operating in Jordan. Advertisements for the same will be accepted until Sept. 10. For all queries about the Supplement please contact:

> Irshad Najam, 4 to 5 p.m. ... Phone: 67171-4, Amman.

But the former chief of staff stressed: "I will do all in my power to prevent the establishment of a Palestinian state" in the occupied West Bank of the Jordan and the Gaza Strip. All options must be left open, Geo. Gur said. He suggested that

once they meet, Israel and the PLO could coosider the problem of Israel's international borders.

Israel's Labour Party leaders as well as the government have repeatedly stated that they will not negotiate with the PLO.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Bombs go off at Beirut beaches

BEIRUT, Sept. 5 (A.P.) - A bomb exploded at a beach in West Beirut today, injuring 15 sunbathers, a police spokesman reported. The spokesman, who would not allow the use of his name, said the blast occurred at the Family Beach in midafternoon. Two casualties were evacuated by ambulances to hospitals and all injuries were minor, he added. An explosive charge earlier wrecked a car in the parking lot of the "Long Beach, anorher swimming club on Beirut's Mediterranean coast, causing no casualties, the spokesman said. He said he could not confirm that the bombings might have been carried out by a fanatic group to protest women wearing swim suits.

Afghan MiGs violate Pakistani air space

ISLAMABAD, Sept. 5 (R) - Two Afghan MiG-17 aircraft violated Pakistani air space today, strafed a border post and wounded two civilians, a Pakistan defence ministry statement said. It said two Soviet-built planes attacked the Domandl border post this morning about 100 kilometres north of Quetta, capital of Baluchistan Province, which borders Afghanistao. "During the attack two civilians working at the post sustained injuries. The building was also damaged," the statement said.

Kuwaiti emir to visit E. Europe

KUWAIT, Sept. 5 (A.P.) — The emir of Kuwait will pay official visits to Turkey and four Eastern European countries next week, the government announced today. The announcemeot said that Sbeikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah will commence his tour next Tuesday, and will hold talks with heads of states in Turkey, Bulgaria, Romania, Hungary and Yugoslavia on ways of upgrad-ing cooperation. No further details were announced.

Jayewardene arrives in Saudi Arabia

BAHRAIN, Sept. 5 (R) - Presideot Junius, Jayewardene of Sri Lanka arrived in Jeddah today on a five-day state visit, the official Saudi Press Agency said. He was expected later to proceed to Taif, the Saudi summer capital, to an official welcome by King Khaled. The visit, the first by a Sri Lankan head of state, is of economic importance to the Asian country which is seeking to capture a greater slice of the lucrative labour market in the oil-rich Gulf states. Non-aligned Sri Lanka is already receiving income through Sri Lankans working in the Gulf ; ve a ... Arab banks have opened offices in Colombo. Sri Lanka linports Arab oil, especially from Saudi Arabia.

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Grindlays Bank Limited **NEW TELEPHONE NOS. Corporate Banking Unit** Multinational Banking Unit **General Manager's Office** Shmeissani Branch 60201 (7 Lines)

Iraqi ambassador to India says The ambassador addressed a mostly Indian press gathering on the first anniversary of the start of the Iran-Iraq war. He spoke uoder a large banner which read: "4th September 1980 -- the Persian aggression started against the Iraqi cities of Khanakeeo, Zur-batia, Al Munthiciya and Min-

dili. lraq sent its soldiers into Iran oo Sept. 22, 1980, abrogating a 1975 treaty that placed the border between the two neighbours in the middle of the 192-kdometre long Shatt Al Arab estuary.

Around the studio theatre and

backstage in the main theatre are

modate up to an 80-member com-

-actors' relaxation room and cof-

fee bar-seven offices for people

such as the director, secretaries

and accountants; a small library of

theatre-related reference books

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN – The Royal Cultural Centre is a deceptive place. Its slickly finished glass facade and well-tended gardens, combined with the glimpses caught on television of a plush interior during last Autumn's Arab summit meeting, might lead one to an obvious conclusion: the place is ready to open. Appearances, however, are often misleading; and a look behind the scenes reveals an almost empty shell, with much work to be done before the first and anxiously awaited performance can be staged. March 1982 is the date given for this event by both Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nowar and Royal Cultural Centre Director Nicolas James.

The centre was first conceptualised in 1973 by Sharif Fawwaz Sharaf, then minister of culture and now the Jordanian ambassador in Washington. Construction started in 1975; but was still far from completion in 1980. due to financial hardships faced by the government and the contractors. Then, because none of the first-class hotels in Jordan could accommodate such a large and important gathering as the Amman Arab summit conference, money to finish the centre was found on the basis that the simmit would be held while it was still being built.

So the outside of the building, and the conference area inside -roughly a third of the internal space - were finished by the end of October 1980. Since the summit, work has continued on the unfinished two-thirds of the interior

The 300-seat theatre needs another five months of work -again deceptively, as with the addition of seats, carpets and stage curtains it would look complete. It has a large stage with a moveable partitioned floor; a hydraulically-equipped pit to allow the front of the stage to drop to form space for an orchestra; an aesthetically pleasing false wooden ceiling to improve acoustics, and much more stage equipment

But still to be done is all the unseen work of light and sound installation, which include facilities for cinema and slide projection and for lectures, wiring for televisioo and for translation. This latter facility (provided by means of rentable headphones) will proin the case of a play, from the original language into Arabic; or will provide a useful commentary for operas, etc.

Mr. James estimates that the actual physical wiring-up of the theatre will take three months, and will commence in October after work leading up to the wiring stage has been completed. The last two months will be taken up with installation and commissioning of the equipment, so that at the beginning of March the theatre will be ready for the first members of the staff to begin familiarising themselves with the equipment in preparation for some form of opening.

The opening will be a week or 10 days of gala performances." Mr. Abu Nowar said. "We are going to ask the major theatrical companies of Europe, the Soviet Union. China and the USA to come and perform for one night each, each individual company sponsoring its own event."

After this the theatre will, it is hoped, be used in its visualised role of providing a good basic theatre facility for the capital and a base for theatre all over the country

The centre is ideal in terms of training people," Mr. James told the Jordan Times, "and it has good facilities to provide the mix of activities it has to have to be the cultural centre Jordan needs."

Ultimately, Mr. James foresees each Jordanian town having a community centre -- built of prefabricated modules, perhaps, to make them more consistent and with all the same basic theatre facilities. Then dramatic productions as well as poerty read-

mounted at the Royal Cultural Centre and then sent off in a van to all the other centres, since the kind of space available there is known. Mr. James feels that this is the only way, by hitting at the grass roots, to arouse interest in the theatre and cultivate a theatre-going public. Once interest is aroused in the

towns outside Amman, they could then start producing their own events, using the Amman centre as a resource base - ringing up if they needed help, advice or even

Educational theatre

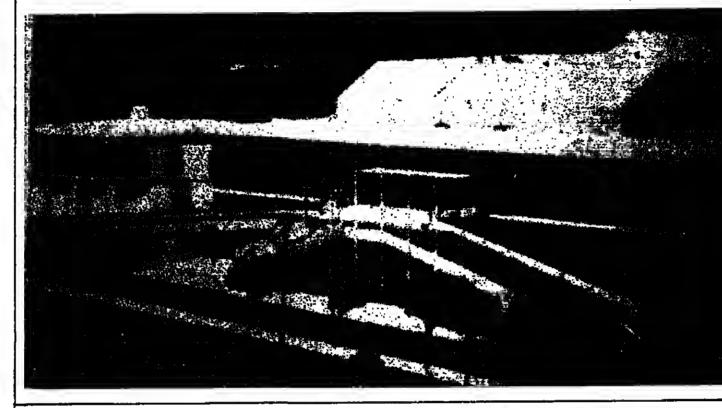
Theatre is, and can be, a very valuable tool in the development of any society, especially when it is used as an educational tool. Children can learn from it, while at the same time being stimulated and entertained. Adults can act in plays and educational prog-

rammes for children -- posing shell, this theatre will eventually problems for them to become be a 175- seat theatre (200 seats if involved in and solve, and proused for children) with either a viding them with valuable infornormal proscenium stage or, with mation. For example, in the Jorthe removal of the central benches. an exciting "theatre in the round". In addition to childan Valley, a play could tell of the often fatal ingestion of fertiliser --a common problem in that area --dren's theatre it can be used as a and would demonstrate vividly the learning theatre or theatre workdangers of that practice and the shop, where for example new protective methods that could be playwrights can have their plays adopted. performed and analysed: and it

Children could also act in plays. can be used for such events as solo and take part in theatre workmusical recitals. poetry readings and lectures. shops on a regular basis. In this way the children will develop their creative ability, as theatre combines all the creative art forms good facilities for actors, crew and from music to body control. Chilother staff. Behind the big theatre are 11 dressing rooms, including dren would also develop their imagination, and learn the value chorus rooms which can accomof teamwork. pany. There are a "greeen room"

The children's theatre at the cultural centre, which will be the base for all such activities, will be housed mainly in the small studio theatre, situated in the lower half of the circular and building. Still a

Much work to be done



The Royal Cultural Centre's slick exterior and plush interior as seen during the 1980 Arab summit conference contrast with the unfinished

.... Agaba

..... London (BA)

London (BA)

..... Beirut (SK)

...... Rome

.... Cairo

. London

Rivadh (SV)

Cairo (EA)

Jeddah (SV)

Kuwail (KAC)

..... Abu Dhabi

Bahrain, Doha

...... Kuwai

. Riyadh

..... Jeddah

. Baghdad

Bangkok

Cairo (EA)

Dubai, Muscat

..... Baghdad

Cairo (EA)

..... London (BA)

on such topics as theatre administration, stage lighting (of which there are notoriously few in Jordan) and finally a workshop.

Converted cinema

Above the main theatre there was once a 900-seat cinema which could also have been used, with its ample stage, for cabarets and concerts. This was, however, the area that was swiftly converted, by levelling it off with a wooden floor, into the huge conference room used by the Arab summit --with the idea of reconverting it after the event. This plan has now been discarded, as it was felt that there was a permaneot need for such a conference facility. It is large (it can hold up to 20-25 delegations) and exclusive (it will be only used in the future for political, ideological, cultural and intergovernmeotal conferences). But while it is important to have

a high-level conference facility. this also means that the place will in fact be used very little -whereas in its original function it whereas in its original runction it com which has a strong word people. This also means that Jordan is now without a modern, well-equipped venue for a large event. To remedy this lack, two solutions have been suggested. One is to include a 1,500-seat national theatre in a proposed cul-tural complex on the Sports City gorunds; the other is to spend a minimal amount of money on modernising and updating the Palace of Culture, which is seldom used culturally in its present state. The latter proposal would eliminate the need to construct another large theatre, and make better use of the already available facilities.

Architecturally, the Royal Cultural Centre from the outside is a very aesthetically pleasing design; but unfortunately not so much attention was paid to the design of its interior and the proper functioning of its spaces - much of which seems to be the uninteotional result of housing the theatrefconference block in one ment, a water reservoir and o all-encompassing glass envelope. such technical facilities.

The best use has, however h made of its many odd-shap nillar-filled spaces. One has he converted into a ballet rehear floor made to internation requirements. Reflected in room's mirrored walls are the t ievels of bars - one for adults, c for children, and a second pract bar - - - -

Since a rehearsal room is a sh dard requirement for int national battet companies this ; obviously quite a necessary ad tion, but it is hoped the room be used more extensively by J danians, as it can be hired out a local dance teachers (of bal classical Arabic and all kinds dance) will be encouraged to b their classes there.

Another of the spaces will used for exhibitions, although lighting or equipment has yet be installed for this purpose. As can be seen there is much to be done at the cultur including the erection of an an lary service block to house a trical and maintenance eq



21:03



JORDAN TELEVISION **CHANNEL 3** ... Korar 5:45 Cartoon 6:05 . Children's programme (Fang Face) Take Heart 6-50 7:10 Programme preview 7:30 Local programme 8:00 News in Arabic 8:30 ... Arabic series 9:20 **5ports & Youth** 10:15 . Stone News in Arabic 11:00 **CHANNEL 6**

6:00 French programme .. News in French 7:30 News in Hebrew 8:00 News in Arabic 8:30 Comedy(Man about the House) 9:10 Edward the Seventh 10:00 News in English 10:15

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

7:00 Sign on 7:01 Morning Show 7:30 News Bulletin 7:40 Morning Show 10:00 News Bulletin 7:40 News Bulletin 7:40 News Bulletin 7:40 News Bulletin 10:00 News Headlines 12:09 News Headlines 12:03 Pop Session 13:00 News Summary 13:00 News Summary 13:00 News Bulletin 14:00 News Bulletin 14:00 News Bulletin 14:00 News Bulletin 14:20 Instrumentals 14:30 Concert Hour 16:00 News Summary 16:03 Instrumentals 17:00 Listeners' Choice 18:00 News Summary 19:29 News Geak 10 News Summary 19:29 News Geak 12:200 Evening Show 21:00 News Summary		
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20:00 Evening Show	3.03	
20:00 Evening Show	Б.,	
and a stand of the	20:00	
- news Jundmary		
	-1944	

..... Evening Show Close down 22:00 **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz GMT 04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Moment Musical 04:45 Financial Review **Studio One** 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:1S Letterbox 05:30 The Maid of the Mill 05:45 Letter from America 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz for the asking 07:00 World News: News about Britain 07:15 From Our Own Correspondent 07:30 Classical Record Review 07:45 Washington Square 68:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 The Pleasure's Yours 09:00 World News: British Press ARRIVALS: Review 09:15 People and Politics 09:45 Sports Review 10:15 Off the Beaten Track 10:30 Religious Ser-vice 11:00 World News; News 7:40 8:45 about Britain 11:15 Letter from 8:55 America 11:30 Play of the Week 12:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 13:00 9:30 World News: Commentary 13:15 New Britons 13:30 Short Story 9:45 10:10 13:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show 14:30 Gerald C. Potter 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Concert 11:05 11:40 14:00 Hall 16:00 World News; Com-15:35 mentary 16:15 From our own Cor-16:30 respondent 16:35 Financial Review 16:35 16:45 Letter from America 17:00 16:45 16:45 World News: Meridian 17:40 Interlude 17:45 Sportscall 18:00 World 17:15 News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Knights of 17:30 the Amhulance 19:00 Country 17:35 17:40 Style 19:15 The Power of Dawn 17:50 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Letterbox 20:30 Sunday 17:55 Half-Hour 21:00 Meet ... 21:15 The 18:00 18:30 Pleasure's Yours 22:00 World News 22:09 Science in Action 22:40 18:30 Reflections 22:45 Sportscall 23:00 19:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 19:50 19:50 20:00 Letter from America 23:39 Brain of Britain 1981 23:40 24:00 01:00 **VOICE OF AMERICA** DEPARTURES:

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30

News on the hour and 28 min. after

each hour 17:90 News and New

Products (USA) 17:15 Critics

3:30

4:30

6:30

6:30

Choice 17:30 Studio One 18:00 7:00 8:55 Cairo (ĖA) Special English: News/Words and their stories, feature "People in America" 18:30 Musie USA 9:25 Beirut (MEA) 9:30 (Standards) 19:00 News and Topi-9:30 Athens, Amsterdam cal Reports 19:15 News Horizons Beirut (KLM) 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Special English; News/Words and their 10:00 Frankfurt stories 20:15 The Concert Hall 10:10 21:00 News and New Products Athens, Copenhagen 10:45 . USA 21:15 Critics Choice 21:30 Amsterdam, N. York 11:10 Athens 11:30 12:05 FOR SUNDAY 12:05 12:40 Cairo 13:00 15:00 16:30 AMMAN AIRPORT 17:45 18:30 FOR SUNDAY 19:00 19:15 19:20 19:30 Cairo (EA) .19:45 Cairo 20:00 Aqaba 20:30 Jeddab 21:00 Kuwait 21:30 Duhai, Ahu Dhabi 01:00 Beirut Riyadh (SV) Cairo (EA)

..... Jeddah (SV)

..... Cairo

Rawalpindi (BA)

..... Tunis, Tripoli

Geneva, Brussels

. Chicago, New York,

Copenhagen, Athens

.... Athens

Vienna

.... Paris

... Madrid

London

Rome (IT)

..... Rome

Geneva, Zurich

Frankfurt (LH)

..... Frankfurt

Beirut (MEA)

..... Cairo (EA)

... Bashdad

... Cairo

Cairo

Cairo

... Paris

Beirut

. Cairo

..... Kuwait (KAC)

EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS:
Awni Al Hawamdeh 77665
Qasem Shunnar
Irbid:
Mazhar Halabi 3474
Zarga:
Akram Haddad 85550
PHARMACIES:
Amman:
Al Salam 36730
Ashrafieh 77951
Hay Nazzal 79223
Table.
Irbid:
Al Razi 2081

Zerga; Tareg

TAXIS: Talal 25021 Al Aman 56050 Faisal 22051 Al Buri 61028 CULTURAL CENTRES American Centre 41520 Goethe Institute 41993 Soviet Cultural Centre 44203 Spanish Cultural Centre 24049 Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777 Y.W.C.A. 41793 Y.W.M.A. 64251 Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555/843666

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Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday lnn, 1:30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Yearmund. Tel. 23316 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays Jordan Archaeological Museum:

Muloukhiyah Hot Green Pepper Has an excellent collection of the Sweet Pepper antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Cabbage Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening Onions (dry) hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri-Garlic

days and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays. Tcl. 30128 Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orien-talist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening bours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

PRAYER TIMES FOR SUNDAY

Ambulance (government)

Jordan Television

Radio Jordan

Eggplant

Potatoes (imported)......

Marrow (small).....

Cucumber (large)......

Okra (Green)

Okra (Red)

Marrow (large)

Faqqous ..

Peas

Cucumber (small)

Tomatoes

3:40

5:14 Sunrise ... 3:09 Asr .. 5:5S 7:19 'Isha

LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

Saudi riyal Lebanese pound 71.5/72.2

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

75111

73111

74111

. 60

210

150

230

120

300

310

290

110

160

120

120

. 120

650

... 150

..... 120

Firstaid, fire, police Fire headquarters Cablegram or telegram Telephone: -

Syrian pound

Iraqi dinar ..

Kuwaiti dinar ...

Egyptian pour

UAE dirham

Omani rival.

U.S. dollar ..

U.K. sterling .

Swiss franc

Italian lire

W. German mark

(for every 100) .

Dutch guilder

Swedish crown

Belgium franc

Japanese yea

(for every 100) .-

nch franc

Qatari riyal

56.15

728.3/735

1190.3/1197

375/380

973.3/983

613.4/617

138.7/135

159.9/160

27.627

. 57.7

64.68

84.6/85

145.7/140

125.1/125

92.44

92.55

Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls Telephone maintenance and repair service

MARKET PRICES

40

80

150

100

100

200

120

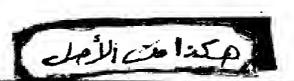
70

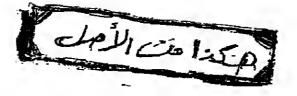
80

600

120

120 Potatoes (local) Beams ... 310 260 Bananas 330 Apples (Green) 330 Apples (Red) 180 Apples 170 2**2**Û Apples (Starken) Meloos 120 80 240 250 110 Water Melons . 180 Lemons 200 Oranges 160 Grapes 250. Figs . 140 Caulificater 80 70 130 Pomegranates 400 Peaches 340 Pears





Page 3

rab vets' first scientific nference starts Monday

By Mohammad Ayish Special to the Jordan Times

MAN, Sept. 5 — The General eration of Arab Veterinarians begin its first scientific connce here on Monday for a dission of scientific research pap-

industry

۲.

b states taking part in the ay conference include Iraq, Lebanon, Kuwait, Sudan, Algeria and Jordan. But Iohammad Satid Darwish, ent of the Jordan Vetans Association, which is isoring the conference, told rdan Times that some other tates may join the scientific ing. Dr. Darwish added that entatives from the U.N. and Agriculture Organ-(FAO), the World Health isation (WHO) and the Organisation for Agricul-Development will also take the conference.

ign companies which proinimal food and medicine, s the British firms Elanco oroughs Welcome, and the 1 lffa Marieux, will also be ; the participants. conference will discuss sev-

EU to help dan with tistics work

AN, Sept. 5 (Petra) - The in-based Council of Arabmic Unity (CAEU) will -chnical assistance in statisork to Sudan, according to cement signed here today. EU Director General Fakladdouri and Sudanese ssador to Jordan Ahmad mmad Diab signed the aent, the third of its kind udan, and intended to help suntry develop its statistics

CAEU's technical assis-o Sudan so far has helped in ng 22 statistical offices d the country, now employarly 200 people, Dr. Qad-

Arab World. eral papers dealing with the vet- both strive to preserve public erinary situation in the Arab health," said Dr. Kamal -- a"ver-

World. The topics of these papers include veterinary .ducation, veteriniary services, de veloping animal wealth, the poultry industry, the role of the veterinarian in public health, food security in the Arab World rules and byelaws of the veterinary profession and means of modernising them, environmental pollution and veterinary medicinė as an Arab "The Role of the Veterinarian in Public Health" is the title of one Agriculture.

of the papers to be presented by Jordanian veterinarians. The author of the paper, Dr. Ragheb Kamal, told the Jordan Times that in his research, he tried to eliminate a common misconception about the duty of the veterinarian. Not just a cow doctor

two years.

"Many people believe that the role of the veterinarian is confined to the health and treatment of animals," Dr. Kamal said; "but this not true if we consider the important role played by veterinarians in maintaining public

health by preventing animal diseases from reaching human beings." He added that through veterinarians' work to improve animal health, they also help maintain the food security of the Arab World. "Human medicine and animal medicine share a scieotific

outlook, and far more important,

joint venture of the London-based

firm R. Samber and

SKB--Shbeilat, Keilani and Bad-

ran, a local company--will super-

vise work on the construction of

Abu Nuseir housing estate some

15 kilomettes north of Amman, in

accordance with a contract signed

with the Housing Corporation

Under the JD 750,000, two-

year contract, the join venture will

conduct technical supervision of

erinary profession and seek ways of improving animal wealth in the

ers designed to promote the vet-

eran veterinarian," who now runs a private medical laboratory in Amman after retiring from his post as director general of the Ministry of Health's labs in 1976. The bolding of the Arab veterinary conference in Amman is of great significance as Jordan has gone a long way in the development of that profession, according to Dr. Darwish, who also heads the production and animal health department at the Ministry of

Dr. Darwish said that Jordanian farmers and animal breeders are highly aware of the importance of veterinary medicine. He added that his department conducts yearly compaigns to stave off animal diseases in Jordan. They are, he said, watching out for such diseases as anthrax, sheep pox, goat pox, foot and mouth disease, cat-

tle plague and cholistridia. There are 70 veterinary doctors working at the Ministry of Agriculture, in addition to numerous assistants. Other veterinarians are also working at Amman Municipality and the Ministry of Minicipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment. Veterinary services are offered to farmers by more than 50 centres all over the country.

Jordan has also two veterinary-drug-producing factories and a third one is being established, Dr. Darwish said.

Abu Nuseir is considered one of

the major schemes in the 1981-

1985 five-year economic plan,

according to Minister of Mun-icipal and Rural Affairs and the

Environment Hassan Al Momani,

who signed the contract with the

AMMAN, Sept. 5 (J.T.) -A the work on the project, being joint venture. implemented by the Lebanese

Badran meets Women's federation formed

organisations.

Anxiety was also expressed in

resentation for Jordanian women.

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Sept. 5 -- The establishment of the National Federation of Jordanian Women was proclaimed by Minister of Social Development In'am Al Mufti at the end of a two-hour meeting this afternoon attended by 300 representatives of 18 women's organsations and six women's clubs at the Amman Chamber of Industry.

In her opening speech, Mrs. Mufti stressed that the importance of the women's federation stems from its specialised, qualitative hature, which will serve comprehensively to integrate the activities of all voluntary organisations working to promote the progress and development of women in Jordan.

She went on to explain that Jordan boasts the largest number of welfare organisations of all Arab countries, with a total of 250 organisations operating in the East Bank and 267 in the West Bank. But in the absence of an appropriate union to integrate and channel their activities in accordance with the country's comprehensive social development plan, the activities of these welfare organisations began to overlap, she said, and difficulties arose in providing them with the necessary funds,

It became apparent that the JD - 7 million being spent on welfare activities in Jordan every year could be more efficiently utilised to yield more rewarding results, Mrs. Mufti said: so the Ministry of Social Development is in the process of working out a more coordinated financing system with the Queen Alia Jordan Welfare Fund and the General Union of Voluntary Societies.

The federation's general assembly will comprise all members of welfare organisations participating in the federation. Independent members not belonging to any organisation are also

independence of their organencouraged to join the federation. isations would be undermined by Members of the managing the federation; but Mrs. Mufti board are to be elected by the genassured them that the federation eral membership in a manner that would not entail dissolving any of will ensure fair representation for the existing structures. It would, all member organisations. The rather, incorporate them in their managing board will then form a present form. 15-member executive committee. Twelve of its members will be relation to West Bank organelected by the managing board, with the remaining three appointed by mutual consultation and agreement between the Ministry of Social Development -

and the board. Mrs. Mufti emphasised that the Women's Federation, a private organisation will receive minimal supervision from the ministry with the aim of guiding and promoting its activities.

The floor was then opened to debate of the constitution, and Mrs. Mufti answered the questions of representatives attending the meeting.

Some expressed fears that the

Statistical conference opens under ECWA aegis

AMMAN, Sept. 5 (Petra) - A sifying statistical information in all meeting of experts on statistics in fields.

foreign trade and industry opened Several experts from Arab and foreign countries and specialised organisations are taking part in the meeting, which is being organised by ECWA in cooperation with the Department of Statistics. duction in countries of western Asia, according to Mr. Shuja' Al

Drive planned Assad, adviser to the Economic for benefit of Jordan disabled

AMMAN, Sept. 5 (Petra) -Minister of Social Development In am Al Mufti today called in local charitable societies to contribute to a projected week-long fund-raising campaign to benefit handicapped people in Jordan.

The minister, speaking at a meeting of the national committee for the International Year of Disabled Persons and of representatives of the charitable societies at her office, said that the campaign, to start on Sept. 26, will be part of Jordan's national efforts to rehabilitate handicapped people and improve services offered

labour leaders on workers' needs

isations. But Mrs. Mufti said that AMMAN, Sept. 5 (Petra) - The government fully understands the needs of Jordanian workers and the federation's constitution is based on the 1966 law on volwill continue to do its best to entary social work, which applies improve their living conditions, so that they can contribute more effito both the West and the East Banks, thus ruling out any objeceiently in the building up of the tions that may be made by the country, Prime Minister Mudar Israeli occupation authorities to Badran said today. the participation of West Bank Speaking at a meeting held in Ouestions were also raised as ro his office with representatives of

Jordanian labour union councils, the status of the Jordanian Mr. Badran said that the labour Women's Union, which has so far force is the Jordanian sector which refrained from joining the fedcration. Mrs. Mufti explained that will do most to shoulder the implementation of the new fivethe already existing union does year economic plan. He called for not provide comprehensive repa minimum wage and for attention to be given to industrial security, with the aim of offering workers better safety precautions, and also for adequate housing for labour-

ers.

At the outset of the meeting the secretary general of the Jordanian labour union federation, Mr. Shaher Al Majali, presented the workers' requests, which included among other things the establishment of a labour unions complex, expansion of workers' elinics and finding a suitable remedy to the movement of workers from rural regions to the cities.



senator here for one-week private visit

AMMAN. Sept 5 (J.T.) — Mrs. Yoshiko Ohtak: a member of the Japanese senate, arrived in Amman today for a week-long visit to Jordan at the invitation of Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Bahjat Al Talhouni. During the visit, Mrs. Ohtaka will meet with members of the

Upper House of Parliament and Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim. She will also tour archaeologieal sites in the country. Mrs, Ohtaka was met upon arri-

val here by Mr. Ahmad Al Khalil. chairman of the Upper House of Parliament's foreign relations committee, and several Parliament members.

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Joint venture signs contract in assessing foreign trade and drafting economic policies. Jordan's total imports were JD 55 million in 1967, but this figure to supervise Abu Nuseir jumped to JD 716 million in 1980, he said. Exports over this period

SECRETARY

WANTED

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thand is preferable but not necessary. Americans,

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bath. Centrally heated with telephone. Location: Jabal

also grew substantially, from JD According to Mr. Momani, the 11.3 million to JD 120 million, Dr.

Participants in the week-long meeting will examine several working papers dealing with information about the exchange of foreign trade and industrial pro-

the Mediterranean.

Commission for Western Asia

(ECWAI who addressed the

opening session. He said that a

lack of accurate information con-

stitutes the major obstacle facing

those dealing with foreign trade

statistics in the Arab states east of

Also speaking at the opening session was the director general of

the Statistics Department, Dr.

Burhan Shraydeh, who under-

lined the importance of statistics

here today.

said. The statistics compiled ese offices cover industrial wial affairs.

S chief to **'is UNESCO** incil meeting

AN, Sept. 5 (Petra) — Scientific Society (RSS) or General Albert Butros Paris today to take part in a long meeting of the advisory l of the United Nations tion, Scientific and Cultural isation (UNESCO) which tomorrow.

subjects to be discussed by puncil deal with UNESCO ammes, particularly those ning to science and technol-Dr. Butros said.

AL.

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NGE

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85

; council, he added, is also ted to prepare a special on concepts, trends and ids of promoting technology et the development needs of SCO member states between and 1990.

AMMAN, Sept. 5 (Petra) — A delegation from the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) wound up a week-long visit to Jordan today and left for

home During the visit, the delegation's members met with Minister of Agriculture Marwan Dudin, and several other senior officials, to discuss FAO-sponsored projects for developing agriculture in

today.

the Jordanian highlands. They also toured sites of the projects' implementation. Delegation members will pre-

FAO team leaves after

reviewing hill crops project

pare a report on the visit in which they will recommend the extension of the project for three additional years, a delegation member .said.

The visit was designed to allow FAO to assess the first phase of the project in Jordan.

housing estate, being constructed Shraydeh added. Paris-based Sogex and the Chinon 2,800 dunums, is expected to ese CATIC construction firms. It cost JD 8 million, complete with entails the construction of 6,500 housing units, to be completed in

He said that the Statistics Department last year conducted a all utilities and facilities to serve survey of industry in Jordan, and is between 30,000 and 40,000 peo- continually introducing new methods of collecting and elas-

to them. The funds to be raised will also help in establishing new centres and a cultural club for the handicapped, Mrs. Mufti said. At the meeting a number of committees were formed to

supervise the campaign, and for the setting up of a charitable bazaar, a sports festival and other events to be part of the campaign's activities.

LOST

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Amman ZIAD ZUREIKAT For more information, Please call Tel. 76424 or 811047 Amman

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Amman, between Third and Fourth Circles. Tel. 41443 from 9 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. and 4-7 p.m. rabia The Islamic World Review THE BRITISH LADIES OF AMMAN

will hold their next meeting at the Ambassador Hotel (Shmeisani) on Wed., 9th September at 10 a.m. There will be a raffle, book stall and plant stall.

Common waalth citizens are welcome to membership Creche avallable.

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Iran: The army's social and political power. Sheikh Yamani: The changing demand for oil. Middle East: Increasing the pressure for Palestine. Profile: Muhammad Asad-Leading Quranic scholar. The PLO: A presence in the IMF?

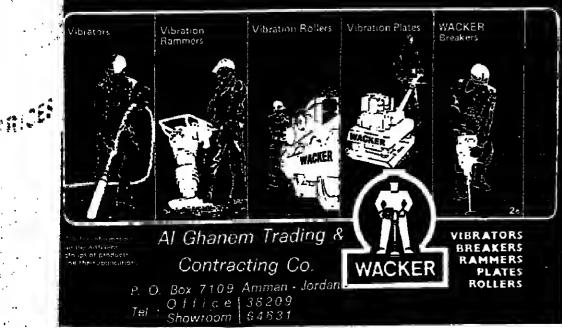
Jeddah: The changing face of the old city.

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Page 4

JORDAN TIMES, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 6, 1981

NAME & ADDRESS

Manager Laging Manager - Million - Alter

CREDAN PRESS LETUNDS (SOR A PROPERTY AL REAL IN COMPANY AND ADDRESS ADDRESS.

More, Mordechai

GEE WHIZ, the next thing you know Menachem Begin will join the bandwagon of people suggesting that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) should be engaged in a direct dialogue for the sake of working out a peace agreement to resolve the Arab-Israeli dispute. The latest to join the "I think we should talk to the PLO" club is Mordechai Gur, former chief of staff of the Israeli armed forces. He told Israel Radio that as soon as the PLO amended its charter" I would be one of the first to sit down to talk about coexistence between Israeli Jews and Palestinian Arabs in this part of the world, because we are destined to live together".

Well, well, whaddaya know? It seems that when Israeli generals put down their guns they start using their minds. General Gur has to be excused for his confusion about amending the Palestinian charter, because it has been more than amended by force of the successive resolutions of the Palestine National Council since 1964, calling for the establishment of a sovereign Palestinian state on any land evacuated by the occupying Israeli forces that General Gur once commanded. The Palestinian position on coexistence with a less expansionist and less grandiose Israeli state is clear and reasonable.

People such as General Gur have to take a few more steps forward to meet the Palestinians half-way. if true peace is to reign in the holy land. He is already moving away from his six-shooter mentality in saying that he would talk with the PLO if the PLO recognised Israel's right to exist. The reverse also applies. If he recognises the Palestinian people's right to exist in a free and sovereign state, then the PLO would talk with General Gur, too. Peace and recognition, like the warfare that General Gur knows so well, are reciprocal processes, requiring two willing partners. General Gur is getting close. We hope he and others like him keep moving forward on the same path.

Time magazine's perception of 'What to do about Israel'

WHEN MENACHEM Begin came to the White House to introduce himself to Jimmy Carter

back in 1977, he brought with him a detailed, top-secret inventory of favors that the Israeli intelligence services had rendered the U.S., such as sharing captured Sovietmade weapons and intelligence reports from agents who had penetrated terrorist organisations. The just-elected Prime Minister ntended the catalogue to be Exhibit A in his first call on the U.S. President -- documentary proof of Israel's contribution to the political and military interests of the West. Begin believed that Israel could count on the U.S. only as long as the U.S. counts on Israel as a partner in the common cause

of resisting Soviet expansionism and Arab radicalism. Four years and another election

victory later, Begin still feels that way, and he will probably make much the same pitch to Ronald Reagan when the two meet for the first time in Washington next week. Reagan is likely to listen sympathetically. He and his top aides have repeatedly hailed Israel as the cornerstone of the "strategic consensus" that the Administration hopes to huild in the Middle East. Much more than any previous match-up of Israeli and American leaders, Begin and Reagan are inclined to stress Israel's value as a "security asset" to the U.S.

Unfortunately, though, the more the two men agree on that notinn, the more they will be deluding themselves and each other. The more they will also be cheapening the U.S.-Israeli relatinnship and misrepresenting its very basis. In 1948 the U.S., led by Harry Truman, decided to midwife the birth of Israel out of the convictinn that the Jewish people deserved a state of their own, especially after the horrors they suffered at the hands of the Nazis. The wisdom of the U.S.'s original sponsorship of Israel has been vindicated many times in many ways, by the sturdiness and vitality of Israeli democracy as well as by the richness of Israeli artistic and intellectual life. As a cultute, a society and a polity -- as a hospitable if sometimes overheated environment for the thriving of Western values -- Israel has been a credit to itself and to its American benefactors.

But it is worth recalling that Truman's Secretary of Defence James Forrestal opposed the creation of a Jewish state in the coldest days of the cold war, partly because he feared that Israel and America's commitment to it

By Strobe Talbott

So far, however, the Reagan

Administration has shown a dis-

tressing reluctance to stand up to

Begin, especially on the central

issue of the West Bank. Reversing

the position of the Carter

Administration. Reagan has con-

tended that the settlements are

'not illegal." thus inviting Begin's

smug observation that a double

negative equals a positive. The

Administration has pledged to

continue the Camp David process,

although it has done so rather

half-heartedly and without much

idea about how to proceed. It has

only tacitly and in passing

endorsed United Nations Security

Council Resolution 242, which

essentially calls for Israeli with-

drawal in exchange for Arab rec-

ognition. Hardline Israelis have

pointed to what they see as the

absence of an explicit. ringing

endorsement as a sign that the

Reagan Administration may be

down-playing 242, which was the basis of Middle East policy for the previous four U.S. Administ-

Reagan has indicated to his

aides that he tends to accept

Begin's often repeated and

patently self-serving argument

that the Palestinian issue is

parochial and containable: that it

is one of history's running sores.

like the chronic but localised trou-

bles over Cyprus or Kurdistan:

and that it should not loom large in

the dealings of a superpower with

its strategic partner. Sadat

rations.

row than anger when it wielded its the vocabulary of contemporary politics the word irredentism. terrible swift sword. Now there which means a policy of expanding seems to be only anger, and it is too often shrill, self-righteous and the boundaries of a state to incorporate territory claimed on the even a bit frightening -- more so to those who love Israel than to those basis of historical or ethnic ties. Begin's policies on the West who hate her.

This growing catalogue of detriments to U.S.-Israeli rela-Bank are unabashedly irredentist. While pretending to leave open tions ought to be Exhibit A when the de jure status of the territory. he is vigorously and transparently Reagan deals next week with seeking its de facto annexation. By Begin's claim that Israel is part of pushing ahead with the establthe solution to the U.S.'s strategic problems. Reagan should explain ishment of Jewish settlements on that Israel itself is a problem, and a the West Bank, Begin hopes to make that annexation irreversible. growing one. That prospect is contrary to

America's interests -- and, indeed, to Israel's own -- in numerous ways. Israel argues that it is strong. stable and pro-Western, while most of the Arab states are weak, fractious and radical. But one reason the Arabs are that way, and becoming more so, is precisely because of their impasse with Israel. The tragedy and chaos that have engulfed the once peaceful, prosperous nation of Lebanon are a direct spillover of the Palestinian problem. Anwar Sadat's position both within Egypt and among his Arab hrethren elsewhere will remain precarious unless he can point to some success in the Palestinian autonomy talks initiated by the Camp David agreements and due to resume in three weeks. By and large Sadat has shown for-

bearance over Israel's annexation of East Jerusalem and flexibility over the delicate issue of West Bank water rights. Israel, for its part, has done everything it could to prevent the West Bank Arahs from genuinely governing themselves -- a goal set by the Camp David accords.

Granted, if Israel were to budge and permit the establishment of real Arab self-rule on most of the West Bank, that in itself would bring into sharp focus tricky. long-deferred questions about whether and how to demilitarize the area and who should ultimately have sovereignty there. Jordan or the Palestinians.

"It is high time for the U.S. to engage Israel in a debate over the fundamental nature of their relationship. If that means interfering in Israeli internal politics, then so be it. About half the Israeli electorate questioned the wisdom of Begin's policies in the last election. Perhaps a majority will do so in the next. The U.S. might help bring that about if its Government were less timid in asserting

age Begin, confuse other Israelis and anger almost everyone else. Reagan should use the occasion of Begin's visit to clear up any

doubts about his personal com-mitment to Resolution 242 and particularly to its implication of a West Bank withdrawal as part of a peace. He should also assert bis unequivocal opposition to the West Bank settlements. Declared public policy must be broughtmore into line with concerns -and warnings -- that U.S. officials express privately. On that score, Reagan might consider putting Begin on notice that since the West Bank settlements are in effect financed hy American dol-lars, the U.S. will hold in escrow against genuine progress in the autonomy talks a certain proportion of the \$200 million now budgeted in economic aid to Israel. Furthermore, if Israel sanctions any new settlements or expands existing ones, it will be penalized by corresponding additions to that escrow account. Thus a future, more moderate Israeli government could recoup what Begin's policies had cost his nation not just in cash but in American good will.

The U.S. obligation to work harder in prying Israel off the West Bank does not, however, entail recognising the Palestine Liberation Organisation or pressuring Israel to do so. The fashionability of the PLO option in the West these days is directly proportional to frustration with current Israeli policy: any idea that makes Menachem Begin apoplectic cannot be all bad, or so it might seem. Trouble is, mod-erate Israelis are almost as adamant in refusing to deal with the PLO as Begin is, at least as long as the the PLO refuses to accept the existence of Israel. Also, once the U.S. recognises Yasser Arafat & Co., the PLO will be under less pressure to recognise Israel. Sadat urges the simultaneous mutual recognition of Israel and the PLO Right now there is no sign of receptivity to that idea on the part of either the PLO or Israel, and the U.S. has no way of bringing them together without compromising its necessary boycott of the PLO.

If Israel continues to take international law into its own hands as violently -- and as embar-rassingly to the U.S. -- as it did in Baghdad and Beirut, then the next display of U.S. displeasure ought to be more sustained and less symbolic. It might include selective cutbacks in American military aid, which is \$1.2 billion for fiscal '81 alone. Some of that aid is not critical to Israel's defence. In fact, it amounts to a subsidy to the Israeli defence industry, which m turn sometimes competes with the U.S. on world markets. There is little doubt about how Begin would respond to warnings of these or similar sanctions. He would remind Reagan that every time a U.S. Administration has tried to pressure bim in the past, it has strengthened his political position at home and brought down on the White House the wrath of Israel's many friends in Congress. That is true, but there is no reason why it must always be true, and plenty of reasons why it should not. It is high time for the U.S. to engage Israel in a debate over the Even though Reagan and his fundamental nature of their relationship. If that means interfering in Israeli internal politics, then so be it. Israel has been interfering skillfully and successfully in U.S. politics for decades, and will he doing so again with a vengeance in the weeks to come over the Saudi AWACS sale. About half the Israeli electorate questioned the wisdom of Begin's policies in the last election. Perhaps a majority will do so in the next. The U.S. might help bring that about if its Government were less timid in asserting publicly that Begin's aims and means are potentially disastrous for both Israel and the US A policy aimed at inducing Israel to behave more compatibly with American global interests does not mean abandoning or even diminishing the special U.S. relationship with Israel. Just the opposite, in fact: it might belp rescue that relationship from the mistrust, misunderstandings and misconceptions that have hegun to eat at its foundations -- starting with the delusion that Israel is, or ever has been, primarily a strategic ally. Whether they think of themselves as hardheaded or sentimental, both Israelis and friends of Israel in the U.S. must realise that for all the very real external threats faced by the Jewish state, none is more difficult to deal with than the danger that under Begin, Israel may become not only a net liability to the U.S. but its own worst enemy as well. Strobe Talbott is Time's diplomatic correspondent. His obove essay appeared in the magazine's Sept. 7 issue.

Level of 'incompetence' By Dr. Majdi Sabri

einated by the novel expla-nation of incompetence that

the author skilfully provided

Since reading the book a lew

years ago, I have discovered

that employees who have already reached their level of

incompetence could be found

in both private and public sec.

tors. Some of them reach their

level of incompetence in the lowest grade, and are never promoted. Some reach it after

one or two promotions. But the

most serious case is when an

employee reaches his level of

incompetence at the top of the

hierarchy In such a case

where the employee fails to

exercise leadership, his incom-petence is reflected throughout

It is believed that occu-

pational incompetence at

higher levels is a direct result of

some inherent feature of the

rules governing the promotion

of employees. In some cases

people are promoted because they have been proved to be

competent in their previous

jobs without taking into con-

sideration the requirements of the higher position. Con-

sequently, an employee could

be promoted from a position of

competence to a position of

If the Peter Principle is to be

considered as valid, it can be

those employees who have not

yet reached their level of

incompetence.

the hierarcby.

JOB PROMOTION is generally considered in Jordan as an important motivating factor which should lead to an improvement in work performance. Yet there are cases where promotion to a higher position results in a disappointing performance, regardless of the particular method used by superiors m promoting their staff.

Some people, while moving up the ladder of promotion, reach a job that they can not really handle, and they suddenly become incompetent. When such a problem arises, it is often remarkably difficult to rectify the situation by shifting incompetent poeple to other jobs where they can be more useful. They just become an unnecessary burden on their superiors, on their subordinates and on the system as whole.

The problem of incompetence is successfully presented in the famous bestseller entitled "The Peter Principle". Having analysed hundreds of cases on occupational incompetence the authors, Laurence Peter and Reymond Hull, make some significant discoveries. The most interesting of these is the Peter Principle itself which simply states that "In a hierarchy every employee tends to rise to his level of incompetence."

incompetence can accomplish any work at all. l must admit that I was fas-

Cool reception!

By Arthur Spiegelman

NEW YORK - Menachem Begin may find the usual warm welcome accorded a visiting Israeli Prime Minister in this heavily Jewish city has noticeably cooled when he arrives on Sunday,

Israeltofficials and U.S. Jewish leaders freely admit that Mr. Begin has a poor image in the country on which Israel most depends for support and survival.

In past weeks, Americans' traditional warm regard for Israel has been severely tested by Israeli air attacks on Iraq's nuclear reactor and the Beirutheadquarters of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), a strike in which 300 civilians died.

Beirut bombing for a to stirred intense debate with Many U.S. nev magazines have severely critithe U.S. Jewish community whose support of Israel is cised Mr. Begin, and carbeen unswerving and until toonists bave had a field day depicting him as a mad ical. But the dehate want bomber. -swiftly, partly due to Israell explanation of the raid an Typical of the reaction was a widely reprinted cartoon showpartly to the U.S. administ ing Mr. Begin in bed sleeping ration's decision to sel while a meowing cat keeps his wife awake. AWACS (Advanced Warning "Menachem... I can't sleep And Controls Systems) sp. planes to Saudi Arabia. with that cat howling out Leonard Fein, the editor o there," Mrs. Begin complains the Jewish magazine Moment m one frame of the cartoon. In who is a frequent Begin critic the next, Mr. Begin is shown said the reason for this was the grabbing the phone, saying: "every time the Israeli lead "Hello ... send in an air strike." ership does something that dis According to Harvard Uniturbs American Jews, the U.S. versity political scientist Nathan Glazer "public comgovernment does something that disturbs them even more. mitment to Israel in 1981 is not Mr. Fein said that deferm what it was in 1973 or in 1977. to the judgment of Israel There has been a definite leaders is something deept shift." ingrained in American Jewn He blames what be calls provocative policies by Mr. Begin, The capacity of America Jewry to absorb distasteft such as his stand on Palestinian action while not infinite is ver autonomy and increasing Jewish settlements on the Westsubstantial." Even though he criticist Mr. Begin, Mr. Fein asker Bank, as being partly respons-"What do you do with you "Begin himself projects an antipathy when you are con image and a reality that must fronted with a statement by give pause: It seems less clear U.S. ambassador who says th m 1981 than it did in 1973 that Israel has no intention of giving PLO must he recognised..... "Suddenly you realise that a up Arab populated areas and difficult as Mr. Begin may be this must affect American there are more sinister enemit public opininn." of American security luckin The image of Mr. Begin as it closer to home.". Whatever its feelings above appears frequently these days in the American press is that of Mr. Begin may be, the lewis an inflexible, insensitive, community is gearing up ! prevent the administratio pedantic and provocative man. Time magazine said this from selling \$8.5 billion wort week that Israelis and their of weapons to Saudi Arabi U.S. supporters should "realise including five AWACS. that for all the very real exter-The battle has renewed a nal threats faced by the Jewish ticism in some quarters of th state, none is more difficult to so-called "Jewisb lobby, deal with than the danger that sometimes accused of wieldin under Begin, Israel may power far beyond the strengt become not only a net liability of America's three per 05 to the United States, but its Jewish population. One Republicao Cno own worst enemy as well." "I don't know, how you gressman, Peter McClosky repair an image. Once you recently declared: "We've go have it, it is hard to change," to overcome the tendency of said one Israeli official who felt the picture now being projected was wrong. "You can criticise him, but what he has said has materialised." Many people in the polit-ically active American Jewish community, the world's largest Jewish gronping, are worried by Mr. Begin's image. It is has been widely overstitted. becoming a convenient way, in the words of one leader, Nathan Perimutter, "of depriv-

ing Israel of the means of su porting herself." "Begin has become a on venient scapegoat - a Haia doll with sticking pins in it

said Mr. Perimutter, directore the Anti-Defamation Learn of the B'nai Brith, "Begin did not bomb in because he is a Jewish firm Cagnicy but to enhance the set urity of the state of Israel,"

said, adding: "Personalities can miked Take charming Lord Car rington (Britalo's forcig minister) for example. Heisel the PLO in not i terminal organisation. The personality of a leader has meaning miked of a leader has meaoing only until a given point. It is cosmetic factor." Cosmetic factor or not, M Begin's authorisation of the

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

The right approach

AL RA'I : His Majesty King Hussein's statement published by the Paris-based Arabic language weekly Al Mustaqbal reflects the Arab nation's objective visualisation of the right approach to solve the Middle East question. His repeated call for convening an international conference on the Middle East is well justified; for it is inconceivable to solve the issue without the participation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), nor with the exclusion of Europe and the Soviet Union.

King Hussein envisages a conference that should be characterised with serious and balanced attitudes and should aim at achieving a just and comprehensive peace.

A Middle East peace, as the King pointed out, should not be exclusively the work of the United States, since that country is no longer realisitic in its dealings with the issue. He attributed this to the unlimited American aid and absolute support to Israel and to U.S. consent to everything that Israel does - a behaviour that makes America no longer capable of manoeuvring freely.

President Reagan's most recent statement two days ago expressing Washington's intention to adopt a balanced attitude visa-vis the Middle East, and at the same time reiterating America's commitment towards Israel does not qualify the U.S. to deal single-handedly with the Middle East problem. President Reagan's sincerity and America's real intentions can best be put to the test at the King's proposed conference.

However, and as King Hussein has proposed Jordan will pursue a dialogue with the United States over the Middle East whenever it is possible, but it will remain firmly committed to its principles and ideals.

Israel's the assassin

AL DUSTOUR : One does not have to be extremely clever to realise that the assassination of the French ambassador to Leba-non on Friday was perpetrated by Israeli agents. In our view the killings was intended to serve as a warning to President Mitterrand not to pursue his balanced and objective policy towards the Middle East and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). - a policy that harms Israel's aggressive and expansionist designs.

The assassination of the French ambassador in Beirut is bound to be the work of elements concerned with undermining Franco-Arah ties and France's role in establishing a just peace in the region. The only party which can benefit from this criminal act is Israel.

It is to be noted that it was ambassador Louis Delamare who played the key role in arranging for a meeting hetween French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson and PLO chief Yasser Arafat a meeting considered by observers as a turning point in France's Middle East views. The meeting was promptly condemned by Israel's Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, wbo, of course, reflects his government's position. Therefore, there was no other alternative but to mount a pressure campaign of France; and the ambassador's assassination constituted the first stage in such a campaign.

We strongly condemn the ambassador's assassination and sincerely hope that President Mitterrand will realise Israel's attempts to sabotage Franco-Arab relations and will reject all Zionist blackmail.

We also hope that President Mitterrand will follow the example of Austria's chancellor Bruno Kreisky, who is one of the other European leaders with balanced and objective views and who refused to blame the PLO for the attack on the Vienna Synagogue, but, on the contrary, regarded Israel and its intransigent attitudes as being solely responsible for all acts of violence in our region. •

would hamper the twin strategic tasks of keeping Joseph Stalin at bay and keeping the peace in the oilfields and tanker lanes. Truman . overruled Forrestal - but for U.S.". reasons of right, not might. He was under no illusion that Israel was. or ought to be, a military ally or that the U.S. was fostering an anti-Soviet "consensus" in the area. Arab hostility toward Israel,

combined with Arab resentment of the U.S. as Israel's chief backer, has represented a major target of opportunity for the Soviets in the area ever since.

Israeli leaders recognised that even though they possessed the most formidable military machine in the region, their chronic conflict with their neighbours made Israel appear at best a mixed blessing to the U.S. in its own competition with the Soviet Union. Therefore they tended to soft-pedal the strategic dimension of U.S.-Israeli relations and to stress instead the ties of history, humanitarianism and ethnic politics.

But Menachem Begin trusted none of those. "Sentimentality." be called them. After all, the much vaunted Judeo-Christian experience, which links Israel to the West, includes the Holocaust. which Begin experienced personally and with which he is

Begin is only half right. His country does need the U.S. for its survival, but the sad fact is that Israel is well on its way to becoming not just a dubious asset but an outright liability to American security interests, both in the Middle East and worldwide. The fault is largely Begin's although the U.S. and particularly the Reagan Administration -- has contributed to the problem by failing to define American interests more clearly and to stand up for them more forcefully. -

The underlying, and potentially undermining, irritant in U.S.-Israeli relations is Begin's refusal to relinquish the West Bank of the respect in which Israel is doing a Jordan River, which Israel seized during the Six-Day War in 1967. He and his political allies in Israel's ruling coalition regard the West Bank as an integral part of and bitter nation, even a violent the Jewish homeland, deeded to one. There was something strutmodern Israel in the Old Testament. Begin once said privately the Begin government celebrated that one of his greatest heroes, after the Zionists Theodor Herzl attack on Beirut, in which about and Vladimir Jabotinsky, is 300 were killed. It would be Giuseppe Garibaldi, the soldierstates-man who united Italy a cen- contrition. But Israel in the past

publicly that Begin's aims and means are potentially disastrous for both Israel and the

Nonetheless, even though it is sure to raise some new problems. progress toward self-rule would be an improvement on the current festering of old ones. Even a lasting resolution of the Palestinian dilemma would oot automatically bring stability to the Middle East or shore up all American interests there, but it would certainly help. Similarly, Israeli stubbornness is not the only obstacle to the pursuit of peace, but it is certainly a major

The continuing Israeli occu-patinn of land Jordan administered from 1948 until 1967 galls, humiliates and weakens Jordan. which has proved itself many times a staunch friend of the West. For all their own foot-dragging in the past, the Saudis have demonstrated true statesmanship - and implicitly recognised Israel's right to exist -- in the way they helped mediate the current cease-fire in Lebanon. They are desperate for a U.S.-sponsored breakthrough in the Arab-Israeli conflict, largely to help them justify their own close ties with the U.S. Yet those ties are being strained anew hy the determination of Israel and its lobby in Washington to block the sale to Saudi Arabia of airborne warning planes (AWACS) and other hardware that the Reagan Administration announced last week. Reagan, and Carter before him, chose to make this deal a

symbol of the U.S.'s commitment to the security of Saudi Arabia. Whatever the wisdom of that original American decision, a reversal now would be damaging to U.S. interests. Therefore Congress should approve the sale.

Beyond the realm of scenarios and strategies, there is a more amorphous but still important disservice both to itself and to its American defenders. Israel sometimes seems to have taken on the visage and tone of a rather nasty ting and heartless about the way its gratuitously vengeful bombing unreasonable to expect official tury ago and helped introduce into has managed to convey more sor-

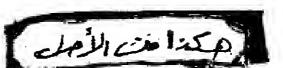
rebutted that point of view passionately in his own meeting with Reagan three weeks ago, arguing. correctly, that the Palestinian issue is the biggest barrier to his own and the U.S.'s efforts to stabilize the area on behalf of the West. Israeli intransigence and Arab propaganda bave combined to make the Palestinian cause a major interoational issue. But now Begin has a chance to rebut Sadat.

> top aides were mightily annoyed over the Israeli bomhing attacks against Beirut and the Iraqi nuclear reactor this summer, they muted their annoyance in public, expressing instead their "understanding" of Israeli in-security and militancy. To the rest of the world, it appeared either that the U.S. had known in advance about the bombing missions and condoned them or, more accurately, that the U.S. had not known what a client state was going to do with American-supplied aircraft and munitions. Neither interpretation did American prestige any good. Nor did the Administration's temporary and symbolic delay in the delivery of jet fighters to Israel repair the damage, especially since Secretary of State Alexander Haig announced the lifting of the suspension less than 24 hours after Begin complained that the U.S. was "absolutely unjustified" in holding up "Israeli planes... bought by Israel." Begin-or, more to the point, Haig -- might have added that the planes were bought largely with U.S. military aid

and private funds since 194g. It and Realpolitik alike to do every-

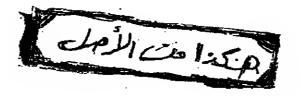
thing in its power to thwart Begin's annexation of the West Bank. American ambiguity on that point serves only to encour-

the Jewish community if America to control the action of Congress and to force the president and the congress not to be even-handed (in the Middle East)." The remark was reseated by the Jewish community which feels that its supposed power



funds. That fact lies at the heart of both the reason and the means for a tougher U.S. policy toward Israel. The U.S. has an immense investment in Israel: billions in public

> also has an incalculable political, human and idealistic, or what Begin would call "sentimental," investment in the survival of the Jewish state. But not in its irredentist conquests. Quite the contrary, the U.S. is obligated by morality



The ups and downs of the space shuttle

By Thomas Eichler

SHINGTON - The U.S. s shuttle, Columbia, was dout ooto a launch pad at the tedy Space centre in Florida ug. 31 to prepare for another al test flight scheduled to 1 on Oct 9 e shuttle successfully com-

d its first test flight in April of ear. trooauts Joe Engle and

ard Truly will ride Columbia space orbit in the second of

four planned test flights before space sbuttles go into regular

operational use late in 1982. Columbia, which will be used for all four test flights, will be joined by three, or possibly four. other shuttle craft in the U.S. space transport system of the future. Engineers say that Columbia itself should be capable of making 100 rouod trips betweeo earth and outer space

Few modifications have been necessary to prepare Columbia for its second orbital flight, since it

test io April. Before the first test the principal concern was over the ability of the ship's heat shield --primarily made up of thousands of small tiles glued to Columbia's skin -- to withstand the buffeting of the launch and re-entry. The reliability of the shield is critical, since temperatures of over 1,000 degrees Celsius build up oo the ship's surface during launch and re-entry into the earth's atmos-

performed so well during the first

A few titles were dislodged during the April launch, but these

difficulties were eccouotered during re-entry. Some damage of the underlying, insulating material was discovered later in those sections, where tiles were dislodged and aloog some of the seams of other tiles. But repairs have been made, and the heat shield no longer appears to be a major worry of the eogineers. The major improvement in

equipment and procedures for the second flight is being made not on Columbia itself but oo the launch platform. George Page, director

were not in critical areas and oo of shuttle operations at the Kennedy Space Centre, told newsmen' on Aug. 31 that in this launch hundreds of thousands of litres of water will be pumped into the area beneath Columbia's two powerful solid-fuel rocket boosters to smother the shock waves reverberating up from this exhaust trenches.

> Mr. Page said that during the first launch of Columbia the shock waves from the rocket exhaust were so great that "we were close to structural failure" of the heat shields protecting the maio

engines of Columbia itself. Loss of these heat shields could have created real problems for the crew of Columbia, Mr. Page commented. He said a "curtain" of water will be spread beneath the rocket exhausts to absorb the sbock waves as they pass downward into the trench and then reverberate upward from the bottom. The engineers feel confideot that their solution will work, Mr. Page added, but the only real test of its efficacy will come at the launch. One of the main objects of the shuttle test programme, beyood the obvious one of perfecting equipment for the orbital flights, is to develop procedures that will permit rapid reuse of the shuttle ships. Mr. Page said the six months required to prepare for the second flight indicates that the shuttle team is still quite a way from its ultimate goal of a five-to-six-week

The whole idea behind the development of a reusable space shuttle is to make frequent trips into earth orbit economically feasible. The ships, of course, will be useful only when they are in orbit. so of the less time spent on the ground the better. In these days of extraordinary budget consciousness the shuttle team may come uoder some pressure to get that turnaround time down quickly.

turnaround

The space shuttles will be used primarily to transport and service orbiting satellites. Some satellites will simply be carried up and dropped overboard wheo the shuttle reaches an appropriate orbital position.

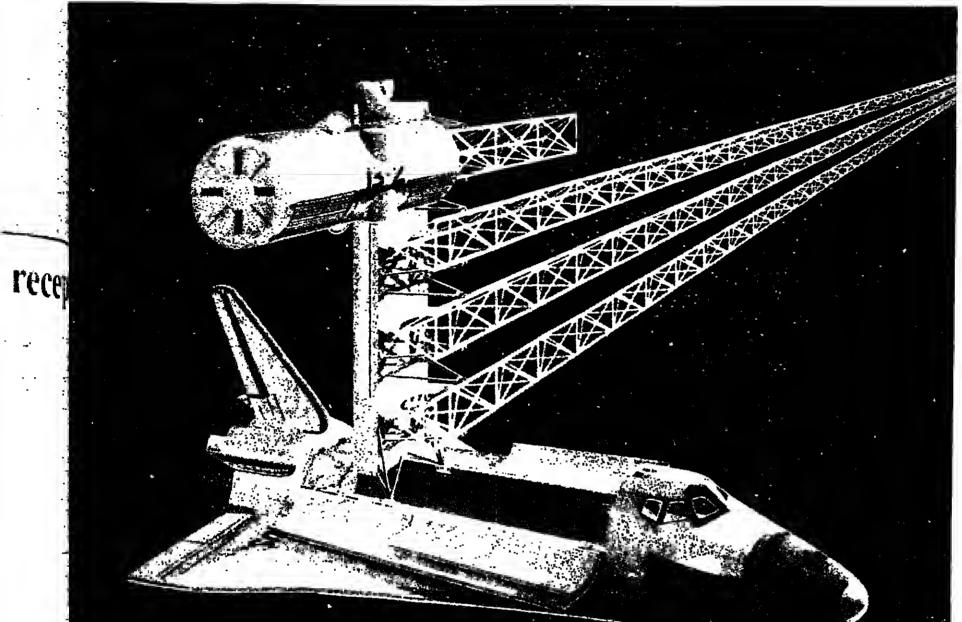
In other cases the sbuttle will act as an orbiting launch pad for sending satellites up to heights that the shuttle itself cannot reach. This will be the case with communications satellites put into synchronous orbit above the equator - meaning they remain above a fixed point oo the earth's surface. Such satellites must be put ioto an orbit 22,000 miles (35,400 kilometres) above the earth, while the maximum height of the shuttle's orbit will be about 500 miles (800 kilometres).

The space shuttle also will be able to retrieve satellites and bring them back to earth. Perbaps its most interesting function will be to launch an orbiting space to scope, service it yearly and bring it back to earth every five years for modificatioos. In this way the telescope can be kept in service to the end of this ceotury.



Reflectors and solar blankets are installed on a vasi solar power system structure in Earth orbit. At left, a crew member works on the outside of an orbital transfer vehicle. NASA and the U.S. department of energy NASA are studying the energy potential of the solar satellite power system.





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the shuttle as a work base, a beam builder manufactures strong but very light weight triangular girders. Using aluminium or a graphite-resin composite, the automated forms the beam edges through a series of rollers, spot welding cross braces at regular intervals.

Communications satellites such as these ComSat satellites will be among the payloads ferried into Earth orbit by the shuttle. A tiny shuttle orbiter appears in the background against Earth in this artwork released by Rockwell International.



CHEMN TIMES, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 6, 1981

A new step in the North-South dialogue Part I

The oil 'revolution' at the end of 1973 was an historic juncture in international relations on both the economic and political levels.

It was the first time in modern history that a group of countries from the Third World were able to assume full control of one of the most important elements in the international economic system, ie oil. These countries regained their sovereignty over a major source oftheir national wealth and asserted themselves as a powerful party in the international economic sys-This role thus far had been

exclusive to the major oil companies who saw themselves as the force that turns the wheels of the Western economy and who acted as an instrument through which the industrial countries continued their control of these vital resources, with little respect for the interests and needs of the oil producing nations. The exploitation of the these oil

producers was a major factor that led to the change. The major oil companies used to decide production rates and prices according to the needs and interests of the major industrial countries, while the conservation of oil and the effects of such a policy on the oilproducing countries were matters of secondary importance. These companies saw the oil-producing lands simply as a rich source of supply for the energy requirements of the industrial world, ignoring their right to act in the interests of their own political and economic future.

The 1973 oil revolution is a unique historical event which gave the oil producing countries the right of deciding levels of production and prices on the basis of a fair balance between their national interests and international responsibilities. This event is probably one of the most dramatic developments of the century, equalled only by the national liberation movements which began in the late forties and became an international movement by the sixties. The seventies

was crowned by the oil revolution which in fact was a tangible expression of the economic liberation essential to achieving total political independence.

The industrial world suddenly found itself in an exceptional and unexpected situation of which had had little previous indication. The political liberation of former colonies of the industrial countries had little impact on the growth and development of the



nations. As a matter of fact, in

some cases, countries maintained a hold on the economies of their former colonies, whilst reducing their commitments to them. It is m this context that one recognises the impact of the oil-producing countries' action to control their vital resources.

The industrial countries succeeded in building their prosperity and the growth of their economies on cheap energy and secure oil supplies. However, they suddenly found themselves in a most difficult position requiring fast and delicate manoeuvring. The industrial sector, the basis of the prosperity of the industrial countries, relied heavily on imported oil at low prices and the assurance that international oil companies the were a source of secure supply. These factors were sufficient to lead to the exploitation of oil with Commentary on the Report of the Brandt Commission by Abdlatif Y. Al Hamad December 1977, in the presence

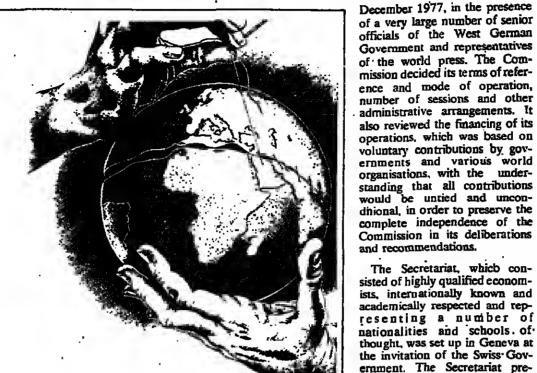
complete disregard to the exhaus-tibility of this resource. This

excessive reliance on oil in the industrial countries led to the neglect of other sources of energy such as coal and hydro-electricity. Perhaps the major negative aspect of the situation is that the industrial world has failed, since its shift to oil, to give sufficient consideration to developing alternative sources of energy, such as solar power, that may be vital to, meet the ever-increasing demand for energy inherent in maintaining industrial progress.

The world as a result of the oil revolution faced a unique situation: military and politically powerful industrial countries needing an essential commodity for their continued growth, prosperity and strength, while that commodity is under the control of a group of developing countries that are relatively small and politically weak. This situation has a special significance if it is viewed as another manifestation of the political liberation of these countries and the development of the Third World countries as a whole. The confrontation between the industrial countries and the oil-

exporting countries in 1973 had a major impact in changing the traditional criteria both in the political and economic spheres. The major industrial countries found themselves forced to make a hasic change in their relationship with the oil-exporting countries. A dialogue between the North and the South was needed in order to arrive at a new international economic order.

The dialogue failed at a first attempt basically because the North was not prepared to make real concessions in favour of the South, and because the South, in many cases, was demanding changes that exceeded wbat would have been politically acceptable to the North. There have recently been a number of attempts to revive the dialogue with the object of introducing a greater means of control over the international economic situation, to make the



transition from the existing order to the new order a smooth one, without the political or economic -crises that threaten the very foundation of our international economic system.

This background explains the motives for the initiative taken by Robert McNamara, President of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, when he requested Willy Brandt, the former Chancellor of West Germany, to head an independent commission to revive efforts for a new dialogue. This was to aim atdescribing the dangerous con-dition of the world economy and to come up with recommendations that would help restructure the international situation by appe-aling directly to world public opin-

Willy Brandt selected 17 international personalities to serve on the Commission, representing different political schools of thought from all round the world. Each

Commissioner was selected in his own personal capacity independent of any political or other Germany, Switzerland, France. power. the United States, Austria, Bel-The Commission's inaugural gium, Malaysia, Mali, Britam, meeting was held in Bonn, in

Telecommunications Corporation The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

The Secretariat, which con-

sented a number of working pap-

INVITATION TO TENDER NO TCC 16/81 on project for Capacity expansion and updating of Spade system in

Bag'a Satellite Earth Station The Telecommunications Corporation of Jordan invites the submission of tenders for the pro-

vision of the capacity expansion and updating the Spade system for Baq'a Satellite Earth Station-(on turnkey basis) in accordance with the tedder

and made contacts with the Soviet Union and the People's Republic of China in order to broaden the base of its consultations and deliberations. The Commission also heard a very large number of officials and thinkers from different parts of the world, who expressed their own points of view about the pressing problems of today.

The final Report of the Commission entitled: The North and South -- A Programme for Sur-vival, was officially delivered by its Chairman, Willy Brandt, to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, Kurt Waldheim in March 1980.

The Report reviewed the historical background of current international problems with special emphasis on the relationship between the developing countries in the South and the industrial countries in the North, highlighting problems of both an economic and a social nature. The Report came out with a number of recommendations aimed at reorganising international economic relations in the light of current world problems and attempting to avert the threat to socio-political world stability which would result from a confrontation between the industrial and the developing nations. We endeavour in the folers covering various subjects on the agenda of the Commission. lowing paragraphs to highlight some of the most important The Commission held meetings in aspects of this common effort, without attempting to cover all the discussion and analysis in the report which dealt with the whole. India, Kuwait and Saudi Arabia:

range of international problem In his introduction to t Report, the Commission's Cha man Willy Brandt emphasises t gravity of the world situation a makes his plea for change, bas on the urgent need for bold a effective solutions, on the ba that the peoples of the world to a closely knit single social unit.] says "it is precisely in this time crisis that basic world issues m be faced and bold mitiativ taken". He stresses, in particul the problem of war and the impr of the arms race on world secur and development, and calls for international summit to discus reorganisation of the world on that would require decisive polical decisions at the highest leve

EDITOR'S NOTE: Abdle Yousef Al-Hamad is a member the Brands Commission. He is a Director General of Kuwait Fu for Arab Economic Developme established in 1961 for the purpe of assisting Arab countries developing their economies. has represented Kuwaii in vario international and regional co ferences and committees on cerned with economic develo ment and financing. Abdle Al-Hamad is also a mem number of academic and fina organisations and co-chains (International Institute for Em ronment and Development. T above commentary appeared in a first issue of Dinar, Kuwait's bu iness and financial review, ma lished by Commercial Bank Kuwait. and the substantian area in the



ANNOUNCEMENT SALE

The Ministry of Education/The Execution Committee of the MOE 2 five projects announces its intention to sell the following:

FIRST: Construction equipment and machinery

Item No.	Description	Quantity	Site	· .	Item N	0.	Description	Quantity	Sit	e.	•	
1.	Tower Crane	1 '	Site	Zarga Girls	- 02	то	wer crane					
2.	Concrete Mixer "Benford"	1 '		" "				1				
3.	Dumper	14 - C					imper	2				
4.	Tranzmixer	· ·	Site	Zaran Beue			nerator 200 KVA	1				
5.	Dumper "Scrap"	i	in the	Zarqa.Boys			bile Concrete pump					
6.	Concrete Mixer "Benford"	2.					anzmixer 5m ³	2	-			
7.	Lift for materials	- ·	·				t for materials	. 1 '			•	
8.	Concrete Mixer	-		inter other			ater pump	2				
9.	Steel Cutter "peddinghaus"	. .		Irbid Girls			clain	1	•	".		•
10	Vilrator ABG.	- ·	Site	Husun			orator	2 .	•			
11	Compactor "Wacker"	4			32	So	il compactor	1	•			
12	Steel Bending machina	+			33	Мо	bil Crana "Seiming	" 1 8	Site	Deir	Alla	
13	Joy compressor						t for materials		Site	Dier	Alla	
14	Back loader JCB	-					ncrete Mixer benfor	'd 2 '		".		
15	Genarator set 250 KVA	1					ncrete mixer 320L	1 ."				
16	Generator "Honda" 3,5 KVA	1					narator 13 KVA	1 "	•			
17	Batching Plant Elba	1.			38	Ge	nerator Honda 3,5 K	(VA 1 "		••	••	
.18	Hollow Block machine	1					mper "Boncar"	· ·2 "			••	
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	Law Trailer	1			· 41 :	Vib	rator	· 2 "				
20	Mercedes water tank 8m ³ .	· 1			42	Die	sel pump	ī "		••		
21	Concrete Buckats	3					mpactor Robin	-i "				
22	Batching plant Elba	1	•	•	44	W	Mini Bus Model 19	74·1 N	link	stry c	fEduca	tion Site

All these equipment machinery are under the temporary entrance sitution and duty is unpaid, except the VW minibus No. 114166 which have a private licence number plate.

Those who are interested in buying are requested to present their offers in a sealed envelope to: Projects Directorate, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box 9640, Amman: Tel. No. 44244 (Jabal Amman, Third Circle), by 2 p.m. on Thursday, 17th September 1981.

Second:

Household Furniture: located at Irbid Education Directorate/Services Division where it can be inspected. Offers to be presented in a sealed envelope to the same division by 2:00 p.m. of Thursday 17th, September, 1981.

Office furniture located in Amman. Those interested in buying are requested to contact the Chief Clerk at Projects Directorate/Ministry of Education, Jabal Amman, Third Circle, Tel. 44244 for inspection and presentation of their offers in a sealed envelope by 2 p.m. of Thursday 17th September 1981.

Remarks:

a. The cost of Newspaper announcement will be beared by the winning offers. b. Offers should be accompanied by a Certified Cheque in the amount of 5% of the total value of the furniture and equipment entended to be purchased as an Insurance bond. •

- documents.
- В. Agent can obtain the tender documents from the Telecommunications Corporation headquarters in Amman for a non-refundable fee of JD 120 at the following address:

Secretary of Tender Committee **Telecommunications** Corporation Jabal Amman/Third Circle P.O. Box 1689 - Telex 21221 JORTEL JO Cable Jortel AMMAN Amman - JORDAN

- The latest date for the submission of offers to the C. Telecommunications Corporation headquarters in Amman is 1400 hours, Nov. 7, 1981.
- The technical proposal and the financial proposal shall be submitted in separate volumes, four copies of each. Each copy shall be in closed envelope, sealed with red wax and clearly marked: original, first, second and third copy.
- All tenderers will be required to submit a bid bond in the amount of five per cent (5%) of tender price with the financial and management proposal (original copy).
- Any subsequent amendments will automatically F. be forwarded to purchasers of tender documents.

Eng. Mohammad Shahid Ismall **Director General, TCC**

AUTHORITY **TENDER No. 43/81** Material for Spun Prestressed **Concrete Poles for South Rural Electrification Project**

Jordan Electricity Authority announces the availability of tender documents for the tender No. 43/81 --- Material for Spun Prestressed Concrete Poles for South Rural Electrification Project. The material is mainly 'reinforcing steel).

This tender will be financed by the WORLD BANK accordingly only contractors from the countries which are members in the WORLD BANK in addition to Switzerland and Taiwan are invited to participate in this tender. One set of tender documents for this tender can be collected from:

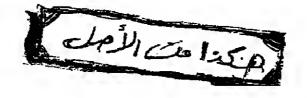
Jordan Electricity Authority Tenders Section — Purchasing Dept. 5th Circle — Jabal Amman

at a non-refundable amount of JD 15 for one copy the tender.

JEA is prepared to send tender documents to contractors outside Jordan by airmail against the payment of the due fees as shown above.

The last date for receiving offers on this tender will be at 12:00 noon of Saturday 17th October 1981 and to be submitted to the secretary of the tendering committee on the above address, offers should be accompanied with bid bonds equal to two per cent of the tender





trol.

Page 7

PREMIER DIVISION STANDINGS

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ast night result: Hussein 1 Orthodox 0

est Ham grab First vision leadership

DON, Sept. 5 (R) - West grabbed the leadership of aglish First Division soccer viouship today as unfashe Swansea and Stoke lost

:00 per cent records. ce went down 3-1 at home to sester City, inspired by their ne million sterling signing r Francis, who scored twice, Swansea were dumped 4-1 st Bromwich.

it Ham, last year's second n champions, moved onto ven point mark after three with a 2-0 win at previously ten Sunderland.

I Goddard shot them ahead . 39th minute and David who scored all four goals t Tottenham in midweek, the second after the inter-

mpions Astoo Villa coltheir first points of the sea-FOR South a crushing 3-1 win at Tota, who were without five

am stars. teoham's interoctiooal eper Ray Clemence could used for thinking the goalre built wider apart in Lon-He has now conceded 10 in four games for his oew a tally he reached in 11 with Liverpool last seasoo. : Villa, Liverpool and h also recorded their first es of the season, but the top League still has an unusual

t Ham are one of three on seveo points but Manr City and newly-promoted County have inferior goal

Reeves before taking the tally to three in the 87th minute. County gained a well-earned 2-1 home win against Coventry, with goals from Trevor Christie and David Hunt. But their hero

was Yugoslev goalkeeper Radojko Avramovic, who saved a twice taken penalty of Irish international Gerry Daly. Liverpool beat Arsenal 2-0 at

equalised for Stoke, Francis cre-

ated City's second for Kevin

home. Eogland internationals Terry McDermott and David Johnson scoring, while Ipswich won 2-1 et Manchester United.

Francis' replacement in the Nottingham Forest side, Scottish internationel lan Wallace. enjoyed mixed fortunes oo his recall.

Wallace, who also cost one million sterling scored three times. but even thet feat could not save Forest from e 4-3 defeat et Birmingham.

Two other 'bet-trick' players enjoyed better fortunes. West Brom striker Cyrille Regis, who was born in Guyane, celebrated his return after iojury by hitting three against Swansea, while Scottish winger Arthur Graham scored all three for Leeds io their 3-0 defeat of Wolverhampton. Ooce-mighty Manchester United are oot finding goals so

easy to come by and their defeat at the hands of lpswich left them anchored at the foot of the table with Middlesbrough. Irish international Frank Sta-

pleton scored his first goal for i followir sterling transfer from Arsenal but Garry Birtles' goal drought continued. Birtles, another seven figure signiog from Forest, has not scored a League goal for United since his transfer in October 1980.

Springboks keep a clean record against provincial sides AUCKLAND, Sept. 5 (R) — The final test match against New Zea-South African Springboks over- land, which will also be palyed at South African Springboks over-

whelmed New Zealand's biggest Auckland's Eden Park. provincial rugby union today, After Auckland's scrumhalf defeating a subdued Auckland Richard Dunn missed two penalty side 39-12. chances in the opening five

East

Detroit

Boston

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Cleveland

X-Oakland

Kansas City

California

Minnesota

Friday's games

X-First-balf division winner

Seattle 5, Bostoo 2

Texas 3. Detroit 2

Toronto 6, Chicago 2

Milwaukee 16, Minnesota 5

New York 4, Kansas City 0

Oakland 5, Baltimore 4, 11 innings

Toronto

West

Texas

Chicago

Seattle

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game

East

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Montreal

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West

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Atlanta

Ciocinnati

San Diego

San Francisco

X-Los Angeles

New York

Pittsburgh

X-Philadelphia

X-New York

The Springhoks ran in seveo minutes South : Africa took the tries to two in an impressive lead with a try by flanker Burger Geldenhuys after 13 minutes. rehearsal for next week's third and

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California 3, Cleveland 1, 6 innings, 2nd game postponed,

Seattle 8, Boston 7, 20 innings, completion of suspended

National League

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EDITOR'S NOTE: The Jordan Times would like to publish the

above baseball standings on a daily basis for our baseball fans, but

poor reception of the Associated Press wire service prevents us

9

The Springboks' platform for their domination came through their big forward pack which eclipsed Auckland in both tight and loose play. All Black lock Andy Haden did not get the lineout ball expected of him and Auckland's loose forwards were

consistently beaten to the loose ball

Behind their forwards the

They led 14-0 et halftime and Springboks fielded their worldbeating pair of halves, Divan Serfontein and master-kicker Naas Botha.

The latter today showed that he could run as well as kick, scoring two tries, one of them by intercepting e pass and sprinting 70 metres to cross the line

Today's win means the South Africans only have to beat North Auckland on Tuesday to chalk up an unbeaten record against pro-

exciting climax with both coun-

Rain halts World Athletics Cup

ROME, Sept. 5 (R) - Torreotial rain briefly halted competition on the secood day of the World Athletics Cup today with athletes huddled under umbrellas in Rome's Olympic Stadium arena.

One hour after the start of the pole vault and hammer competitions the rain, which had been threatening during the afternoon, sent competitors and spectators scurrying for cover.

Last night the 10,000 metres, won by East German Werner Schildhauer, also ended in drenching rain which lasted for about half an hour.

It was still raining half an hour before the first scheduled track event and it was clear that stadium officials would have to sweep away large pools of water on the track.

The sturdy hammer competitors did continue intermittently with their event but water had to be swept from the circle before each competitor could make his throw.

WHAT COULD HE EVER

DO FOR ME IF A BURGLAR GOT IN?

WELL, I GUESS THIS

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OF 'EM

INTEREST IS

A DRINK OUT

MIGHT HELP ..



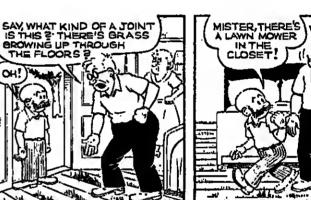


Andy Capp



THE FLOORS





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Baseball roundup American League

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although Auckland rallied briefly in the second half with a try from flanker Kevin Ramsay the Springboks never relaxed their tight con-

untouched.

vincial sides. The test series is poised for an

tries having recorded a win.

ot conceded a goal in their 'o games, with a vintage dis-.

A L E

1. 25 1

Francis. Eogland ioternational the opener in the 36th : and after Lee Chapman

TO LET

lebedroom semi-furnished apartment with acious hall, dressing area, large kitchen, d full bathroom. Location: Abu Qoura tate, behind Jordan Times. Reasonable ٦t.

Contact: Tel. 65317

GOREN BRIDGE

vuloereble. North NORTH + 94 **♡KJ8** ◇KQ9542 4 Q J EAST **+ A 6** ♥ Q965 42 0 J 10873 986432 + AK SOUTH + KQJ1075 **∀A73** 0 A 6 ₽75 bidding: South West b East Pass 10 1 + 4 + Pass / Pass Ран ing lead: Two of Φ .

e Grand Netional Pairs robably the world's pairs tournamant. It off with qualifying ds held in thousands of s throughout the rican Contract Bridge s territory, which enasses all of North its and more, and ends The final sessions at the ing North American wuships.

E

year the finals were in Detroit, and the winwere Bob and Helen ey, of Columbia, Md. outdistanced e starded 30-pair field in the A to win with comparative

 South's bid of four spades is open to question. With a balanced hand and seven playing tricks, our choice would have been three no tromp. A glance et the fuli layout abows that the no trump game would have aucceeded, rather fortuitously.

despite the absence of e club stopper because East has the ace king of clubs hare and West has no entry.

Against four spades Bob Blakey led his lowest club. Helen won tha king. It was apparent from the bidding and from what she could see of the club holdings, that Boh had not led his fourth-best club. Thus, it was obvious

that he was trying to send her e message, and it was equally obvious whet he meant to convey. Heleo returned a diamood. Boh ruffed and led a club to the ace to get a second diamond ruff. And Helen still had to score her ace of spades

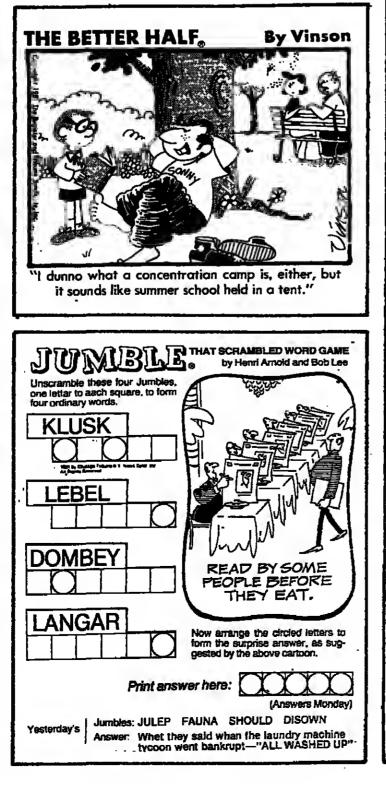
for down two. A score of 200 points for East-West was just about the top score on the board. True, North-South helped by reaching e poor contract -four spades could be defeated even if West held a aingletoo diamond. But the Blakeys found the optimum defense end deserved their good score.

from publishing the table every day.

APARTMENT FOR RENT

Jabal Amman, between Fifth and Sixth Circles, on main street, opposite Halabat Castle. Two bedrooms and accessories.

Tel. 22963





FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 6, 1981

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good day to study the finest philosophy to which you subscribe and to make plans to make this part of your daily life. Use practical methods that will inspire trust in others.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) If you are more generous to others now, you can gain the their goodwill. Allow time for meditation. Express happiness.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Attend the services of your choice. Later join with persons you like at a social gathering that appeals to you.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Don't try to renege on promises you have made and thus evoid trouble. Take no chances with your reputation now.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Get busy on a plan that could give you added prestige. Enjoy the company of good friends later in the day.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Make sure you follow every rule that applies to you and keep out of trouble. Sidestep one who has an eye on your assets.

V1RGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A new plan you have in mind needs more study before you put it in operation. Stop spending money foolishly.

LIBRA (Sept. 28 to Oct. 22) Make sure you carry through with promises you have made. Don't hurt the feelings of others by an unkind remark.

SCORPIO (Oct. 28 to Nov. 21) Take time early in the day to meditate. Consult congenials and make worthwhile plans for the days ahead.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A good day to plan social activities far into the future. Cooperate more with loved one and get excellent results.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Take time to improve your health and appearance via proper treatments. Show more affection for family members.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Attending the services you enjoy can improve the quality of your life. Study ways that could bring added income.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) A fine day for visiting friends and relatives with good results following. Avoid one who is detrimental to your progress.

1F YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... be or she will have a most practical mind and abould be encouraged to get ahead early in life. Give the right religious and ethical training that will help this become a successful and happy life. Don't neglect sports.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely op to yool

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Solidarity bars state T.V., radio from congress as Pravda scowls

GDANSK, Sept. 5 (R) - Polish labour leader Lech Walesa opened the Solidarity free trade union's first national congress today to thunderous applause, vowing that the union was here to stay.

The moustachioed unioo leader also delivered a defiant jibe at the communist authorities over their refusal to give Solidarity some editorial control over radio and television coverage of the event.

Page g

Solidarity responded by barring Polish state radio and T.V. transmissions from the congress hall.

The 912 delegates assembled under the banners of Solidarity. which was born in the Lenin shipyard a few kilometres away last August, rose to their feet applauding and waving their hands in the . victory salute.

Steps to reduce pollution threat to Taj Mahal taken

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5 (A.P.) - . . it. Authorities so far have spent 100 million ruppees (\$12 millioo) to protect the Taj Mahal from acidic. efflueoty to be released by India's largest oil refinery oearing completion in the vicinity, a top official has reported.

The 2.2-billioo-rupee. (\$245-million) Mathura refinery, located 40 kilometres upwind of the Tai, has been described by. environmentalists as the gravest pollution threat to India's monument to love.

The 17th-century marble mausoleum reportedly bas already lost much of its pearly sheeo because of high coocentrations of sulphur dioxide from nearly 300 foundries around

missions assassinated since 1968:

1979.

"There is nn going back from the road we have chosen," he told the crowd in the giant Olivia sports hall.

The congress has been divided into two parts to allow the union's programmes to be thoroughly worked out during the intervening break, Solidarity nfficials said. The first part, which lasts until

Monday, is chiefly devoted to procedural matters. The second, set for Sept. 26 to Oct. 3, will map out. the union's strategy and elect its oew leaders. The huild-up to the congress!

with the authorities over the question of media coverage and soured still further by communist leader Stanislaw Kania's claim that representatives of Soviet-bloc trade unions had not been invited to the

event. Solidarity denied this, saying invitations had been sent to trade unioo federations throughout the

Eastern bloc. The Polish news agency PAP said last night that the East German Labour Federatioo had received its invitation oo Thursday, too late to respond. Its Bulgarian counterpart denied having

been contacted. Dozens of representatives nf Vestern trade unions and nrganisations were attending today's event and the Polish government was represented by its trade unions minister, Stanislaw Cinsek, who was welcomed by Mr. Wal-

Polish state radio said today it and television would provide coverage of the congress. So far it has based its accounts of the event oo reports by PAP which has not been harred from the proceedings. Self-management

One of the major items to be discussed by the congress is worker self-management which, if Solidarity gets its way, would mean another significant erosion of communist power in Poland. Also on the agenda are changes

in the unioo's charter, the only one of its kind in the Soviet bloc, to decide whether the movement will become more ceotralised or grant more autonomy to its 40 regional branches.

In response to an appeal by the

Common Market countries met was marred by a hitter dispute! in the northern city of Olsztyn today near London for two days of decided to suspend an 18-day-old private talks oo world political strike today. But they said they would resume the shutdown if Middle East and Afghanistan. their demands were not met by the meeting at Brocket Hall, a secend of the congress, Polish radio said. The radio added that a prinluded 18th century mansion 40 ters' strike in the South Poland kilometres north of London, was city of Rzeszow continued.

In Moscow, the Communist Party oewspaper Pravda: published an implicit appeal to the Polish government today to clamp down on radical elements in the. free trade union Solidarity as the union's first national congress began.

Last night Soviet televisinn showed tanks, planes and helicopters taking up position oo the first day nf exercises.

ing that purports to show Princess

Princess of Wales sitting at a dres-

sing table with her back turned but

with her face visible in a mirror.

The artist said it was "slightly

painted it said today.

BELFAST, Sept. 5 (A.P.) — An off-duty British soldier was killed and another seriously wnunded early today after two women lured

ters.

them to a Belfast apartment where the women. they were shnt by several gunmen, Police said fnur nr five gunmen

2nd Diana portrait attacked damaged" wheo. the bricks SOUTHAMPTON, Eogland, Sept. 5 (A.P.) - Vandals in this

crashed through the plate glass window of his studio, where it had south coast city tossed bricks been oo display for two mooths. thrugh a shop window at a paint-"I am very upset by this vandalism because I took great care Diana in the oude, the artist who when painting the picture oot to The painting, by local artist Alcorn Hender, 35, depicts the show anything which would upset the public," he said. "I know how highly they regard the Princess of

Wales. This painting is in good taste." Mr. Hender said he used a local model for the nude at the dressing table and created the mirrorimage of Diana with the aid of several photographs.

He said he had offered the painting to the National Portrait Gallery as a temporary replace-ment for the official portrait of Diaga.

Vatican denies alleged KGB connection in papal shooting

May 5.

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 5 (A.P.) Associated Press that the Vatican — The Holy See today officially has nobody engaged in intel-- The Holy See today officially ican suspects Soviet KGB ligence service.

brushed aside reports that the Vat- .. ligence work, let alone an intel-

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Top Spanish terrorist shot dead

BARCELONA, Sept. 5 (A.P.) - Police said today they shot and killed Enrique Cerdan Calizto, one of Spain's most-wanted terrorists, in an early morning raid on his apartment-hideout in Barcelona. The 31-year-old gunman was alain in an exchange of gunfire with police that lasted for about one hour after he lept from his apartment window to a nearby roof, police said. Cerdan was believed to be the head of GRAPO - Revolutionary and Fascist Group of the First of October. He escaped with three other GRAPO guerrilles from a prison m northwest Spain months and while serving a 30-year sentence for slaying two policemen. All the other fugitives were caught or slain in shootouts, police said

Soviet dissident back to labour camp

MOSCOW, Sept. 5 (R) -- Veteran Soviet dissident Anatoly Marchenko was sentenced to 10 years in a labour camp and five years internal axile yesterday on charges of anti-Soviet agitation. dissident sources said. Mr. Marchenko, who has already served a total of 15 years in labour camps and exile, went on trial two days ago in the city of Vladimir. TASS news agency said he had been accused of writing and distributing "anti-Soviet fabrications" aimed at undermining communist power. Mr. Marchenko wrote a book entitled "My Testimony" in the 1960s detailing his experi-ences in labour camps. It was halled in the West at one of the most evocative descriptions of the camps since the Stalin era. The dissident sources said he had been sentenced to a strict regime labour camp, one of the toughest (punishments: in the Soviet system. They gave no other details.

U.S. airspace said to be hazardous

OTTAWA, Sept. 5 (R) - The Canadian Air Traffic Controllers Association (CATCA) has said there were two near-collisions in U.S. air space last month. CATCA maintains that U.S. akies, cootrolled by substitute staff after the Reagan administration. sacked striking controllers last month, are unsafe. Bill Robertson, president of CATCA, told reporters there were near collisions technically "losses of separation" - over Alaaka on Ang. 14 and near the Canadian border in the Salt Lake City control zone on Aug. 18. But in neither case was evasive action required. In the first case, two aircraft came within 25 kilometres of each other because controllers at Anchorage, Alaska, failed to ensure ade-quate distance between them, be said. In the second case, two Canadian aircraft came within 100 kiloinstres of each other, against a safe minimum of 160 kilometres, when Salt Lake City staff failed to notify controllers in Regins, Saskstchewan, that an Air Canada flight from Chicago to Calgary was crossing the horder, he said.

Nixon sells house to Syria

NEW YORK, Sept. 5 (A.P.) - Former U.S. president Richard Nixon has sold his townhouse to the Syrian government as a residence for its ambassador to the United Nations, the Daily News newspaper reported today. The Syrians reportedly paid \$2.6 million in cash. Mr. Ninon paid \$750,000 for it when he moved in two years ago, Dia-Allah El-Fattal, Syria's ambassion. is expected to move into the townhouse next week following a security check of the premises by his government.

Ugandan civilian deaths reach 1.000

ARUA, Uganda, Sept. 5 (R) - At least 1,000 civilians have been a of holthwe STELL last 10 weeks between government forces and anti-government guerrillas, missionaries say. The insurgents, who are opposed to President Milton Obote's government, have killed at least 23 soldiers during the two-week attempt to dislodge them, police say. The missionaries and residents of arua say the loosely organised guerrilla force is estimated to contain about 500 men. Among them are remnants of the army of former president Idi Amin who was overthrown in 1979. The area has been controlled by guerrillas since June 18 when the local government garrison m for lack of pay, food, and clothing.

Who's Who in the DPL shooting gallery Aug. 19, 1974 - Rodger Davies, U.S. ambassedor to Cyprus, shot and killed at the embassy in Nicosia during an anti-American demon-

authorities said.

Oct. 22, 1975 - Danis Tunaligil, Turkish ambassador to Austria, shot dead by three men at his embassy in Vienna.

Oct. 24, 1975 - Ismael Erez, Turkish amhassador to France, shot dead by gummen on a crowded bridge in Paris. May 11, 1976 - Joaquin Zenteno Anaya, Bolivian ambassador to

France, shot dead in Paris.

June 7, 1976 -- Carlos Abdala, Uruguayan ambassador to Paraguay, shot in a street in Asuncion. He died the following day. June 16, 1976 - U.S. ambassador to Lebanon Francis Meloy and

economic counsellor Robert Waring found murdered in Beirut. July 21, 1976 - Christopher Ewart-Biggs, British ambassador to

Indian Oil Corporation chairman C.G. Das Gupta said the six-millioo-too refioery, scheduled to begin operation next November, will use only lowcontent sulphur fuel oil. Refinery smokestacks have been doubled to a height of 88 metres to regulate emissions, he reported.

Three observation towers located downwind will monitor the level of sulphur dioxide pollution, Mr. Gupta said, voicing hope that "in view of strict antipollution measures the refinery will pose no danger to the Taj.' Conservatiooists fear that the refinery efflueots would dislodge

marble, causing it to flake.

and corrode the brilliant white Taj union's leadership, print workers

stratioo,

and unite it with the Irish Republic university area and gunned down to the South. the soliders. They escaped with ligence reports, the Royal Ulster Constabulary urged extra vig-ilance and asked the public to Meanwhile, police warned the

public to be "oo their guard" for obey the law hanning the parking car bomh hlitz by the IRA's Proof unattended cars in restricted visinnal wing, which is trying to

including Lehanon, where he met Palestine Liberation Organisation Discreetly guarded by local (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat. police, the ministers were meeting The attitude of the new French tn exchange views nn a range nf government, whose ambassador community and international to Lebanon, Louis Delamare, was topics hut nfficials said nn formal killed in Beirut yesterday, will be decisions were expected.

EEC ministers to talk

on international issues

following South Africa's incursion

into Angola, and its effect oo prospects for a United Nations

independence settlement for

They were also expected to dis-

cuss developments in the Middle

East, where the EEC has been try-

ing to promote a peace initiative

alongside the stalled Camp David

Relations Claude Cheysson was

due to report on his recent tour of

several Middle Eastern countries,

drive the British from the province

In a statement based oo intel-

Nine explosions during the last

homb blitz caused extensive dam-

age in Belfast, Londonderry,

Omagh, Lishurn, Portadown,

Armagh and Newr a mooth ago

today. Two weeks ago, car bombs

injured 30 people in Belfast and

At the Maze prison near Bel-

fast, six guerrillas continued fast-

ing after Matthew Devlin came off

the hunger strike yesterday when

his family requested medical aid

for him as he oeared death in his

In Britain, supporters of the fight against British rule in North-

ern Ireland planned demoo-

strators today to mark the fourth

mooth since the death of Bohby

Sands -- the guerrilla who began the death fast March 1 and died

52nd day without food.

the coastal report of Bangor.

security zones.

French Minister of External

peace process.

Namibia (South West Africa).

They said ministers would dis-

crucial to the future course of an EEC policy nn the Middle East. cuss the tensinn in South Africa, 2 British troops shot in Belfast

LONDON, Sept: 5 (R) - Foreign ministers of the 10 European

issues, including South Africa, the

British Foreign Secretary Lord

Carrington, current president of

the European Economic Com-

munity (EEC) council nf minis-

The chairman of the informal

hurst inside the apartment in the "respectable" district in the city's

April 6, 1970 – Count Karl von Spreti, West German ambassador to Guatemala, found murdered after being held to ransom for a week.

Guatemala, killed in ambush in the centre of Guatemala City.

April 7, 1971 --- Vladimir Rolovic, Yugoslav ambassador to Sweden, shot dead in his Stockholm office by Croatian separatists. Sept. 17, 1971 - Germain Mba, Gabon's ambassador to Japan, killed at his Libreville home by unknown men.

BEIRUT, Sept. 5 (R) - France's ambassdor to Lehanon, Louis

Delamare is the first ambassador or head of mission to be assas-

sinated in the course of duty anywhere in the world for over two

years. The last was Hugo Wey, the Swiss charge d'affaires in El

Salvador, who was shot while trying to evade kidnappers on May 30,

Sweden's Count Bernadotte, the United Nations mediator in strife-torn Jerusalem, was assassinated by Jewish extremists in 1948

and British High Commissioner Sir Henry Gumey died in an ambush

Aug. 28, 1968 --- John Gordon Main, U.S. ambassador to

The following is an unofficial list of ambassadors and heads of

by communist guerrillas in 1951 during the Malaya emergency.

March 2, 1973 - Cleo Noel, the oewly-appointed U.S. ambassador to Sudan, his deputy, Curtis Moore, and the Belgian charge d'affaires, Guy Eid, executed by Black September Palestinian commandos in Saudi Arahian embassy in Khartoum after being held as hostages.

Ireland, died wheo a guerrilla land mine exploded under his car on a south Duhlin country road.

June 9, 1977 - Karim Taha, Turkish ambassador to the Vatican,

shot by a young gunman in a Rome street. July 3, 1977 -- Dekorme Mehu, the Haitian ambassador to Brazil, shot dead by two gunmen in Salvador, northeastern Brazil: Feb. 14, 1979 -- Adolph Dubs, the U.S. amhassador to Afghanis-

tan, shot dead in Kabul by four right-wing gummen. March 22, 1979 -- Sir Richard Sykes, British ambassador to the

Netherlands, shot outside his residence in the Hague.

May 30, 1979 -- Hugo Wey, Swiss ambassador to El Salvador, shot trying to evade kidnappers in San Salvador.

involvement in the shooting of Pope John Paul II.

"The Holy See has oever made any declarations or advanced any hypotheses regarding any group or country as possible culprits in the attack on John Paul II," the. Rev. Pierfranco Pastore, a Vatican spokesman, said in a statement.

Rev. Pastore earlier told the.

Reports by a British television network and newspapers cited Vatican "intelligence" sources as saying that the Soviet secret service may have encouraged the May 13 assassination attempt

NASA displays economical wings

movement, solidarity. A top Vatican prelate, who oversees papal security, also rejected the reports.

because of the Pope's backing of

Poland's independent labour

Memorial for Vietnam Vets



Maya Ting Lin displays her winning design for a memorial to U.S. veterans who served in Vietnam at a press conference in Washington. The design by the 21-year-old architectural student from Yale University was chosen from among 1,420 entries in a nationwide com-

petition. To be built on the Mall in the nation's capital, the memorial features a pair of 60-metre-long black granite walls, set to form two sides of an oblique thingle gently sloping into the ground. On the walls will be carved the names of the 57,692 Americans killed in Vietnam from 1963 to 1973. -

An AD-1 aircraft pivots its wing in a scissor-like fashion during a test flight at Edwards, California. Researchers check the wing's performance at different angles of rotation. At take-off it is in the conventional position for necessary lift; then it is pivoted to reduce drag.

The maximum pivot angle is 60 degrees. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) engineers foreset application of th ivot wing to fature supersonic streraft incre

